The Columbian.

VOL. 2.....NO. 19. BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MAY 8, 1868. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

STOVES AND TINWARE.

J. MOSS METZ, dealer in stoves & tinware, Main st., above Market square. V1n46

A. M. BITLER, stoves and tinware, Bridge st., North st., west of Market. V1n46

REV. A. HARTMAN, Stoves, Tinware, Coal & Wood, adjoining the Episcopal Church, Main st., west of Second st. V1n46

CLOTHING, &c.

D. LOWENBERG, merchant tailor, Main st., 2d door above American house. V1n46

J. W. CHEMBERLIN, wholesale or retail dealer in clothing, etc., Mariner's building, Main st. V1n46

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &C.

L. S. MOYER, druggist and apothecary, Exchange block, Main st. V1n46

E. P. LUTZ, druggist and apothecary, Rupert block, Main st., west of Market. V1n46

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

LOUIS BERNHARD, watch and clock maker, and dealer in watches, Main st., below Market square. V1n46

C. T. SAVAGE, dealer in clocks, watches and jewelry, Main st., nearly opposite American house. V1n46

R. CATHCART, watch and clock maker, Market st., below Main. V1n46

BOOTS AND SHOES.

C. H. BROWN, boot and shoe maker, Main st., opposite Court House. V1n46

A. ZOLLER, manufacturer of and dealer in boots and shoes, Market, corner of Centre alley. V1n46

HENRY KLEIM, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, groceries, etc., Exchange building, Main st.

DAVID METZ, boot and shoemaker, Main st., below Mariner's building, west of Market square. V1n46

PROFESSIONAL.

J. E. EVANS, M. D., surgeon and physician, Main st., below Market. V1n46

D. R. F. E. Kinney surgeon dentist, brother's old stand, Main st., nearly opposite Episcopal Church. V1n46

J. R. MERVINE, M. D., surgeon and physician, south side Main st., below Market. V1n46

J. C. RUTTER, M. D., surgeon and Physician, Market st., above Main. V1n46

D. H. C. HOWER, surgeon dentist, Main st., above court house. V2n12

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY, milliner, Ramsey building, Main st. V1n46

MISS A. D. WEBB, fancy goods, notions, books, stationery, north side Main street below Market. V1n46

E. PETERMAN, millinery and fancy goods opposite Episcopal church, Main st. V1n46

MISS JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, ladies cloaks and dress patterns, southeast corner Main and west st. V1n46

MISS M. DERRICKSON, millinery and fancy goods Main st., opposite Court House. V1n46

MRS. S. D. FURMAN, milliner, Main st., below Harman's store, west of Market st. V1n46

THE MISSES HARMAN milliner and fancy goods, Main street, four doors above Market square. V1n46

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

J. LEACOCK, proprietor and cutting saloon, American House, Main st., between Market square and Iron alley. V1n46

WIDMYER & JACOBY, confectionery, ice cream and refreshment saloon, wholesale and retail, Exchange block, Main st. V1n46

FOX & WEIR, confectionery, bakery, and saloon, wholesale and retail, Main st., west of Market square, below Iron. V1n46

EXCHANGE HOTEL, by Reuben Clark, Main st., opposite court house. V1n46

AMERICAN HOUSE, by John Leacock, Main st., west of Iron alley. V1n46

PARK HOTEL, by C. W. Hayes, Main st., west of Market. V1n46

B. STOHNER, refreshment saloon, Main st., above court house. V1n46

FRONS & CRABB, refreshment saloon, Exchange block. V1n46

W. H. GELLASPIE, refreshment saloon, Exchange block, south side Main st. V1n46

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

E. JACOBS, Contemporary, Main st., above Court House. V1n46

S. H. MILLER, dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, boots and shoes, Exchange block, Main street. V1n46

M. KELLY & NEAL & Co., dealers in dry goods, groceries, boots, hats, caps, queensware, hardware, iron, nails, etc., northeast corner of Diamond and Market st. V1n46

H. C. HOWER, hats and caps, Main st., above court house. V1n46

C. C. MAHR, dry goods and notions, Main st., below Main and Iron sts. V1n46

J. J. BROWER, dry goods, groceries, etc., north west corner Main and Iron sts. V1n46

REV. A. HARTMAN, dry goods, notions, and groceries, agent for Cooper's Favorite Hosiery. V1n46

H. B. BUNSBERGER, dealer in groceries, hats and caps, and confectionery, Main st., opposite Episcopal Church. V1n46

D. A. BOYER, dealer in groceries, notions, boots and shoes, opposite Court House. V1n46

WILLIAM ERASMUS, dealer in dry goods, groceries, etc., Iron street. V1n46

F. MENDENHALL, general stock of merchandise, Diamond square, corner of Main and Market st. V1n46

J. J. ROBBINS, dealer in dry goods, groceries, etc., Main street, below Market. V1n46

J. E. CARTON, dealer in dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main st. V1n46

C. W. SNYDER, hardware, cutlery, stoves, etc., Main st., below Iron. V1n46

A. J. SLOAN, dealer in choice dry goods, groceries, keeping goods, fresh groceries, etc., etc., Main st., opposite court house. V1n46

J. K. EYER, groceries and general merchandise, Main st., above West. V1n46

L. T. SHARPLESS, dry goods, groceries, boots, shoes, etc., Bryan block, Main st., west of Market. V1n46

S. CRAMER & A. E. HAYBURST, dealers in Groceries, Confectioneries and Notions, Scottown, south side, two doors above Rupert's wagonmaker shop. V2n15

MISCELLANEOUS.

G. W. COHELL, furniture rooms, three story brick on Main st., west of Market st. V1n46

E. J. THORNTON, wall paper, window shades and fixtures, Rupert block, Main st. V1n46

H. ROSENSTOCK, photographer, Exchange block, Main st., opposite court house. V1n46

F. BROADT, photographer, Hartman's building northeast corner Main and Market st. V1n46

E. J. BIDLEMAN, Agent Munson's Copper Lightning Rod. V2n1

J. R. PURSELL, saddle, trunk and harness maker, Main st., below court house. V1n46

C. FOSTER, Glue Maker, and White and Spirit Tanner, Scottown. V1n46

BLOOMSBURG LUMBER Co., manufacturers and dealers in Lumber, of all kinds, Planing mill near the rail-road. V1n46

W. J. BIDLEMAN, saddle and harness maker, near southwest corner Main and Market st. V1n46

A. WITMAN, marble works, Rear southwest corner Main and Market sts. V1n46

R. H. RINGLER, dealer in pianos, organs and melodeons, S. W. Corner's immense block. V1n46

T. H. MASTERS, agent for Grover & Baker's sewing machines, Main st., Hartman's building, up stairs. V1n46

D. W. ROBBINS, liquor dealer second door from northwest corner Main and Iron sts. V1n46

W. PEACOCK, Notary Public, northeast corner Main and Market st. V1n46

JOHN A. FUNSTON, mutual and cash rates fire insurance company, northeast corner, Main and West st. V1n46

GEORGE HASSERT, manufacturer and repairer of threshing machines, Chumleria's alley, near Sharpless' foundry. V1n46

I. S. KUHN, dealer in neat tallow, etc., Chumleria's alley, back of American house. V1n46

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road. V1n46

ORANGEVILLE DIRECTORY.

D. H. A. MECHARIEL, physician and surgeon, Main st., head door to Goode's Hotel. V1n47

BRICK HOTEL, and refreshment saloon, by Edward Everett, cor. of Main and Pine st. V1n47

SWAN HOTEL, the upper house, by John Snyder, Main st., above Pine. V1n47

D. KLEMAN, dealer in dry goods, groceries, hardware and notions, Main st. V1n47

GEORGE J. SARIS, saddle and harness maker, Main st., above the Swan Hotel. V1n47

W. H. SMITH, manufacturer of tin ware and dealer in stoves, etc., Main st., above the Swan Hotel. V1n47

A. & L. W. COLEMAN, Merchant tailor and dealer in furnishing goods, Main st., next door to the Swan Hotel. V1n47

M. C. HAWTHURST, Clocks, Watches and Guns repaired, Clocks and Watches for sale, Main st., below Pine. V1n47

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker, and Undertaker, Main st., below Pine. V1n47

MICHAEL G. KELLER, Confectionery, Oysters &c., Main st., between Main and Mill st., west of Pine. V1n47

H. H. KLINGER, the groceries, on Mill street, near Pine. V1n47

WILLIAM DEPPEN, Shoemaker and manufacturer of boots, Mill st., west of Pine. V1n47

ISAAC SNYDER, Flour and Grist Mill, and dealer in coal, Mill street. V1n47

LEWIS M. SCHLEER, Tax Collector, Merchant, and Manufacturer of Shoes, Mill st. V1n47

M. C. & A. WILLIAMS & Co., Tinsmiths and Manufacturers of Stoves, Mill st., west of Pine. V1n47

JOHN KASHNER, Hotel and Shoemaker, Pine st., opposite the Lutheran Church. V1n47

A. HARTZWICK & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main street, below Pine. V1n47

Executor's and Administrator's Notice $5.00; Auditor's Notice $2.50. Other advertisements inserted according to special contract.

Business notices, without advertisement, twenty cents per line.

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BROCKWAY & FREEZE,
"Columbian Office,"
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Printed by all Publishers Buildings, near the Court House, by

C. M. VANDERSLICE.

CATAWISSA DIRECTORY.

SHULTZ HOUSE, or Eagle Hotel, Rockdale or Catawissa, southeast corner Main and Second streets. V2n12

J. & J. CRANE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main street. V2n12

S. D. RINARD, dealer in stoves and tinware, Main Street. V2n12

WM. H. ABBETT, attorney at law, Main street. V2n12

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main street. V2n12

L. KEELER, billiard saloon, oysters, and ice cream in season, Main Street. V2n12

B. F. DALMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second st., Robbins' Building. V2n12

D. E. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician, Second st., below Main. V2n12

J. B. KISTLER, "Catawissa House," North West corner Main and Second Streets. V2n12

M. BRIGHT, dealer in General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries &c. V2n12

LIGHT STREET DIRECTORY.

PETER ENT, dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, hats, caps, boots, shoes, notions, etc., Light Street. V1n46

J. LEIBWILLIGER, Confectionery, Confectioner and Confectioner.

[illegible] WAGNER, Confectionery, Cigars and Tobacco, Main st., below Pine. V1n46

H. [illegible], Wholesale and retail dealer in Queensware, Main st., below Pine. V1n46

[illegible], Confectionery, Cigars and Tobacco, Main st., below Pine. V1n46

J. [illegible], dealer in Groceries, Notions, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, etc., Main st., below Pine. V1n46

W. H. [illegible], dealer in [illegible] Main st., below Pine. V1n46

[illegible] H. [illegible], Confectionery, Cigars and Tobacco, Main st., below Pine. V1n46

LUTHERSBURG DIRECTORY.

[illegible] & [illegible], dealers in dry goods, groceries, queensware, hats, caps, boots, shoes, notions, etc., Lutheresburg. V1n46

[illegible], dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, hats, caps, boots, shoes, notions, etc., Lutheresburg. V1n46

[illegible], dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, hats, caps, boots, shoes, notions, etc., Lutheresburg. V1n46

T. [illegible], dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, hats, caps, boots, shoes, notions, etc., Lutheresburg. V1n46

JERSEYTOWN DIRECTORY.

A. [illegible], dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, hats, caps, boots, shoes, notions, etc., Jerseytown. V1n46

[illegible], dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, hats, caps, boots, shoes, notions, etc., Jerseytown. V1n46

[illegible], dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, hats, caps, boots, shoes, notions, etc., Jerseytown. V1n46

[illegible], dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, hats, caps, boots, shoes, notions, etc., Jerseytown. V1n46

BUCKHORN DIRECTORY.

[illegible], dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, hats, caps, boots, shoes, notions, etc., Buckhorn. V1n46

[illegible], dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, hats, caps, boots, shoes, notions, etc., Buckhorn. V1n46

[illegible], dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, hats, caps, boots, shoes, notions, etc., Buckhorn. V1n46

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., PA.

The undersigned having purchased the well-known property, formerly kept by Reuben Clark, would inform the public that he has refitted and refurnished the house throughout, and is now prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with a call. Every attention will be given to the comfort of guests, and the bar will be supplied with the choicest liquors. The stabling is large and attended by careful hostlers. Charges moderate.

JOHN G. HARMAN.

Bloomsburg, April 3, 1868.

THE SWAN HOTEL,
(THE UPPER HOUSE)
ORANGEVILLE, COLUMBIA CO., PA.

The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has taken the above well known House of Entertainment, and will be pleased to receive the custom of all who will favor him with a call.

HE WILL KEEP A GOOD TABLE,

a Bar well stocked with the best of Liquors, and every effort will be made to render entire satisfaction. JOHN SNYDER.

Orangeville, Pa., March 13, 1868.

EXCHANGE SALOON,

The Proprietor of the Exchange Saloon has now on hand a large stock of

SUMMER REFRESHMENTS,

consisting of

[illegible] SARSAPARILLA, VICHY, SODA and GINGER ALE, BOTTLED PORTER, etc., etc.

LAGER BEER, ALE, &C.

[illegible] COME ALL AND SEE.

LAWSON CALMAN,
Superintendent.

Exchange, May 3, 1867.

THE ESPY HOTEL,
ESPY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has taken the above well known House of Entertainment, and will be pleased to receive the custom of all who will favor him with a call.

HE WILL KEEP A GOOD TABLE,

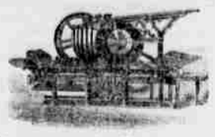
a Bar well stocked with the best of Liquors, and every effort will be made to render entire satisfaction. C. H. DIETTERICH.

Espy, Pa., April 12, 1867.

BRICK HOTEL,
ORANGEVILLE, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
EDWARD EVERETT, PROPRIETOR.

Having taken possession of the well-known house, so long kept by Samuel Everett, the Proprietor respectfully informs the public that he has refitted and furnished the BAR AND LARDER with the choicest liquors and newest delicacies. His stable is not excelled in the county; and no pains will be spared to accommodate guests. [apr6-6m.

THE COLUMBIAN,



A Democratic Newspaper

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING AT

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

THE principles of this paper are of the Jeffersonian School of politics. These principles will never be compromised, yet courtesy and kindness shall not be forgotten in discussing them, whether with individuals, or with contemporaries of the Press. The unity, happiness, and prosperity of the country is our aim and object; and as the means to secure that, we shall labor honestly and earnestly for the harmony, success and growth of our organization.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—Two dollars a year if paid in advance. If not paid in advance two dollars and fifty cents will be invariably charged.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.—One square (ten lines or less) one or three insertions $1.50 each subsequent insertion 50 cents.

SPACE.	1m.	2m.	3m.	6m.	1y.
One square	$2.50	$3.50	$5.00	$8.00	$10.00
Two squares	3.50	5.00	6.00	9.00	14.00
Three squares	5.00	7.00	8.00	12.00	18.00
Four squares	6.00	8.00	10.00	14.00	20.00
Half column	10.00	14.00	15.00	20.00	30.00
One column	15.00	18.00	25.00	35.00	60.00

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C. M. VANDERSLICE.

BUSINESS CARDS.

JOB
PRINTING
Neatly executed at this office.

M. M. LYELLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Lakeland, Luzerne County, Penn'a.

M. TRAUGH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Berwick, Columbia County, Penn'a.

WILLIAM H. ABBOTT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CATAWISSA, PA.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office with H. Ikeler, in brick building adjoining Odd Fellows' Hall, Bloomsburg, Pa. [apr3-6m.

JOHN G. FREEZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in Brockway's building, on Main street, in the basement of the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa.

ROBERT E. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office on Main st., in the building lately occupied by Dr. Paul Northrop, Bloomsburg, Pa.

E. H. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office on Main st., in the building lately occupied by Dr. Paul Northrop, Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. R. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Court House Alley, below the Court House. [mar22-y.

J. B. ROBISON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.
Office in Diamond's building, Main Street, West of the American House. [apr3-y.

LOUIS BERNHARD
Would inform the citizens of this and adjoining counties that he is now prepared to sell Rupert's Patent, either or both. [nov17-y.

A. CUTTINEER,
MOSES COFFMAN,
Having followed the profession of Auctioneering for many years, would inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to attend to all the duties of his calling. Persons wishing to employ him can call on or address him at Bloomsburg, Pa. [mar22-y.

DR. W. H. BRADLEY,
Late Assistant Medical Director U. S. Army,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office at the house opposite Shiver's Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Will promptly attended to both night and day.
Bloomsburg, Jan. 10, 1867.

J. B. PURSEL,
MANUFACTURER OF
HARNESS, SADDLES, AND TRUNKS
AND DEALER IN
CARPET-BAGS, VALISES, FLY-NETS,
BUFFALO ROBES, HORSE-BLANKETS, &c.,
which he feels confident he can sell at lower rates than any other person in the country. Examine for yourselves. Shop next door below the Post Office Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Nov. 15, 1866.

S. C. COLLINS,
FASHIONABLE
SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING
AND
SHAMPOOING SALOON,
Over Widmyer & Jacoby's Ice Cream Saloon,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Hair Dyeing and Whiskers colored black or brown. Hair taken to dressing dandruff and benefited. Razors set in the best manner. Ladies and children waited on at their residence, when desired. Everything in the latest style, constantly on hand. [apr17-y.

DENTISTRY.
H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,
Respectfully tenders his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations pertaining to his profession, and is provided with the latest improved PORCELAIN TEETH which will be inserted on gold plating, silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.
Residence and office a few doors above the Court House, same side.
Bloomsburg, Jan. 31, 1868.

POWDER KEGS AND LUMBER.
W. M. MONROE & CO.,
Rupert, Pa.,
Manufacturers of
POWDER KEGS,
and dealers in all kinds of
LUMBER,
give notice that they are prepared to accommodate their custom with dispatch, and on the cheapest terms.

Choice Poetry.

LINES TO A SKELETON.

FIFTY years ago the London *Morning Chronicle* published a poem entitled "Lines to a Skeleton," which excited much attention. Every effort, even to the offering of a reward of fifty guineas, was vainly made to discover the author. All that ever transpired was, that the poem, in a fair, clerkly hand, was found near a skeleton of remarkable beauty of form and color, in the museum of the Royal College of Surgeons, Lincoln's Inn, and that the curator of the Museum had them sent to Mr. Perry, of the *Morning Chronicle*:

Behold this ruin! 'Twas a skull,
One of etherial spirit full;
This narrow cell was life's retreat,
This space was thought's mysterious seat;
What beauteous vision filled this spot!
What dreams of pleasure long forgot!
Nor hope, nor joy, nor love, nor fear,
Have left one trace of record here.

Beneath this mouldering canopy
Once shone the bright and busy eye;
But start not at the dismal void
If social love that eye employed—
If with no lawless fire it gleamed,
But through the dew of kindness beamed—
That eye shall be forever bright,
When sun and stars are sunk in night.

Within the hollow cavern hung
The ready, swift and tuneful tongue.
If falsehood's lore it disdained;
And when it could not praise was chained;
If bold in virtue's cause it spoke,
Yet gentle concord never broke,
This silent tongue shall plead for thee,
When time unveils eternity.

Say, did these fingers delve the mine?
Or with its envied rubies shine?
To hew the rock or wear the gem
Can little now avail to them.
But if the page of truth they sought,
Or comfort to the mourner brought,
These hands a richer meed shall claim
Than all that wait on wealth or fame.

Avails it, whet her bare or shod,
These feet the path of duty trod?
If from the halls of ease they fled
To seek affliction's humble shed;
If grandeur's guilty bribe they spurned,
And home to virtue's cot returned,
These feet with angel's wings shall vie,
And tread the palace of the sky.

Miscellaneous.

IMPORTANT TO BANKRUPTS.—Every applicant for the benefit of the bankrupt act, after the 1st of June next, must show that he has property sufficient to pay 50 cents on the dollar, or has obtain a release from enough of his creditors to pay 50 cents on the dollars to the remainder. All who expect to apply for certificates of bankruptcy, without property sufficient to comply with the above conditions should hurry up or they will be counted out. For the benefit of those who do not fully understand the law, we furnish the following abstract:

Who may take advantage of this law? Any person or firm, who owes debts to the amount of three hundred dollars or upwards, whether they be individual or partnership debts or both, and it makes no difference what is the character of the indebtedness whether it be by bill, note, account, judgment, as principal, or surety, or otherwise.

What does the law demand of the applicant?

That he shall surrender his property, except such as is hereinafter mentioned, to his creditors for a pro rata distribution among them.

What does the law permit the applicant to keep?

First—Household and kitchen furniture and necessaries to the amount of five hundred dollars.

Second—The uniforms, arms and equipments of any person who is, or has been a soldier in the militia or the service of the United States.

Third—If the applicant is the head of a family, his homestead, to the value of five hundred dollars. If he has no homestead, in lieu thereof money or other personal property to the value of $300.

If the applicant has only so much property as is above enumerated, of course he has nothing to give up to his creditors.

The result of the benefit of taking this law is a discharge from all indebtedness.

In cases where there is no contest, it requires from sixty to ninety days to procure this discharge.

THAT most dreary and uninteresting of Representatives Mr. Williams of Pa. in his speech on Monday "denied that all wisdom had died with our fathers and that this Congress had as good a right to construe the Constitution as their predecessors." Mr. Williams did not show his individual wisdom by this display of eloquence as he was immediately afterward taken ill and thereby prevented from finishing his oration. We remembered a similar case with worse results which happened to a gentleman by the name of Ananias some years since resulting from an indiscreet remark.

IN the South every facility is given the negro to vote, the polls in some States being kept open a week. In Pennsylvania, on the contrary, every means are adopted to clog the right of suffrage, and keep the poor laboring men from the polls. The whole gist of the Registry law North is to hamper white men in voting, while in the South its design is to facilitate negro voting. Contrast the two, working men!

THOSE gentlemen in Congress whom popular opinion endows with but a modicum of virtue at the best, are the ones who assume the loftiest standpoints in their anti-Presidential harangues. It is delightful to hear the highly moral and virtuous disquisitions of Stevens, Butler and others whose reputations are as untarnished and spotless as the "spoons and plates" *confiscated* at New Orleans!

ALL great men have left some memorable expression to be embalmed in the memories of their countrymen. Lawrence exclaimed "Don't give up the ship;" Perry wrote, "We have met the enemy, and they are ours." Stanton, in the ever to be remembered scene in the War Office rendered himself illustrious by his thrilling command: "Schreiver, if you have a bottle here, bring it out!"

WILLIAM C. RIVES, a prominent public man for many years, died at his residence at Castle Hill Va. a few days since. He was twice Minister to France and was three times elected as Representative in Congress and three times Senator.

Interesting Story.

SAVED BY A MUTE ALPHABET.

"I'LL tell you a story how I saved my life once, entirely through having learned the deaf and dumb alphabet.

There were two little boys who used to come and stay with Frank and me, when we were first married, and they could neither hear nor speak.

They were deaf and dumb; they could not talk except with their fingers—so—only ever so much quicker.

Frank and I learned this foreign alphabet on purpose that we might understand what they said. They were quick and clever, they could read and write, aye, and draw and sew, and do many other things which most of boys would make but a bad hand at.

They could play at draughts, and at backgammon and at chess, and at fox and geese, as well as any boys. They could almost see what was said, though they could not hear, with such quick, eager eyes did they watch every movement of our lips. We soon, however, got to talk with our fingers as well as with our tongues, and sometimes, when the lads were not with us, Frank and I often talked in that manner, when we were alone, for practice.

It happened that on one occasion he had to go to London on important business; he was to have gone by the afternoon train, but something delayed him so that he was not able to leave before the night express. I was not in very good health, and retired to my bedroom about two hours before his departure; he promised, however, to come up and give me good-bye before he started, which would be between twelve and one o'clock in the morning. The matter which called him away was connected with the bank here, which had been burned down; and my husband, it seems—though I did not know it at the time, so great a secret had he endeavored to keep it—had many thousand pounds belonging to the concern in his temporary possession, locked up in the iron safe in our bed-room, where the plate was kept. He was bank manager and responsible for the whole of it. It was cold weather, and there was a fire on the grate, so bright and comfortable that I was in no hurry to leave it and get into bed, but sat looking into the fiery coals, and thinking about all sorts of things; upon the long journey Frank had to take that night, and how dreary the days would be till he returned, and in particular how lonely I should feel in that great room all by myself when he should be away; for I was a dreadful coward. It was a little after eleven o'clock when I retired; but I did not feel the least inclined to sleep even then. I knew Frank would be coming in presently to wish me good-bye, and besides there seemed to be all sorts of noises about the room which my foolish ears used to hear when I was alone at night.

If a little soot fell down the chimney, it was, I thought, a great black crow, at least, which would be soon flying all around my room, and settling on my pillow; if a mouse squeaked in the wall it was the creaking of some dreadful person's shoes, coming up stairs to kill me with a carving knife; and if the wind blew the casements, it was some one trying to get in the room by the window, although it was two stories high.

You may imagine then my horror when I heard a tremendous sneeze within an inch of me just behind the headboard of my bed, and between that and the wall, where there was considerable space. I had, as usual, taken the precaution, before I put the candle out, of looking everywhere in the room where it was quite impossible that any person could be hid; but in the little alcove into which the bed was pushed I had never thought of looking for anybody. Ever since I slept in that room, in short, I had been like the ostrich, that puts its head into the sand, and then imagines itself in perfect safety.

I had piqued myself upon precautionary measures, that, after all, might just as well have been omitted. The only thing, as I believe, which saved my reason from departing altogether, when I first heard that terrible sound, was, that my mind clung to the hope that, after all, it might only be the sneeze of a cat. Fifty cats together could not have made half the disturbance, it is true, for it was a sneeze in spite of himself, and the concussion almost shocked the house; but the idea sustained me over the first shock.

The next instant, and the wretch had sneezed again, and pushed aside the bed, which rolled on castors. I felt that he was standing beside my pillow looking at me. If he had given but the one sneeze he might perhaps have believed me, as I lay quite still, breathing as regularly as I could, and pretending to be asleep; but he reasoned very justly, that unless I was deaf or dead, I must have been awakened by the sound.

"You are awake, marm," said he in a very gruff voice, "and its of no use your shamming; if you don't want a rap with this life preserver, just look alive."

I opened my eyes exceedingly wide at this, and saw a man with crape over his face, standing by the bed; he had a club, with two knobs on it, in his right hand, and with his left hand pointed to the safe.

"Is the money there?"

"The plate is," said I in a tremulous voice; "pray take it, sir. I'm sure you are very welcome;" for he might have taken everything valuable in the house with all my heart, so long as he would leave me my life.

"The money—the gold—the notes—are they there?" he cried again in a whisper.

"It's all there," replied I, though I knew nothing about it; "all except fifteen and sixpence in my purse, on the dressing table yonder. There's silver mustard pots, besides, in the pantry, and a couple of candlesticks in my husband's study, only they are plated, and I would not deceive you, sir, on any account."

"You had better not," said the burglar grimly, "or it'll be worse for you."

He immediately produced a key like that my husband used, and approached the safe; but as he did so his guilty ear caught a sound of footsteps on the stairs.

"Who is that?"

"My husband," said I, "but pray don't hurt him."

"Is he not gone to town, then?" cried the ruffian, with an oath of disappointment.

"He's going at twelve," replied I, "he is, indeed."

"If you tell him, woman," said the burglar hoarsely, "if you breathe but one word of my presence here, it will be the death doom of you both;" he had slipped into the alcove and drawn the bed back to its place in an instant.

My husband entered immediately afterwards, and even while he was in the room, I heard the awful threat repeated again through the thick curtain behind me.

"If you but whisper it, woman, I will kill you where you lie. Promise not to tell him."

"I will," said I, solemnly, "I promise not to open my lips at all about the matter."

Frank leaned over the pillow to kiss me, and observing how terrified I looked, said:

"You have been frightening yourself about robbers again, I suppose, you silly girl."

"Not I, Frank," returned I as cheerfully as I could. "I have a little headache;" but said with my fingers so that he could plainly read it in the firelight, "For God's sake be quiet! But there is certainly a man behind the headboard."

Frank was as bold as a lion, and had nerves like iron, although he was so tender hearted and kind. He only answered:

"Where is your sal-volatile, dearest?" and went to the mantle-piece to get it.

I thought he never could have understood me, he spoke with such coolness and unconcern, until I saw his fingers reply as he took up the bottle. "All right, don't be afraid."

And then I was not afraid, or at least not much; for I knew I should not be left alone one instant; and I thought that my Frank was a match for any two such men in such a case; only he had no weapon..

"He has a life preserver," said I with my fingers.

"Your fire is getting rather low, now Georgy," observed he, as he took up the poker (ah, he had a weapon then) "I must leave you a good blaze before I go."

He fixed the fire and left the poker in, but without taking eyes off me or the bedhead.

"I'll just ring the bell and see whether Thomas has got the portmanteau ready. Mary," continued he to the maid that came to the door, "send Thomas up." Then when she had gone on that errand—"By Jove! I never gave him that key. Where is it, Georgy? I have not a moment to lose. If it is in your dressing case with the rest, I shall be an age in looking for it. Might I ask you to get out of bed for an instant and show me where it is?"

He said with his fingers "jump!" and I jumped, you may be sure, quick enough, and was inside the dressing room with the door locked in half a second.

"Come in, Thomas," said Frank. "Come in," for Thomas was modestly hesitating at the chamber door. "There is some blackguard got into the house, and behind the bed there. If he makes the least resistance, I'll kill him with this red hot poker."

At these words the bed was pushed slowly outward, and the burglar, without his crape mask, and his face as pale as ashes, came out from his hiding place. Frank knew him as a bank messenger, who had been out of employment since the fire, on suspicion of his honesty.

"Oh, sir, have pity on me," cried he. "I'm an unlucky dog! If it hadn't been for a sneeze I should have ten thousand pounds in my pocket by this time."

"Oh, you came after that, did you? Well, give up that life preserver you have in your pocket before we have any more conversation," said my husband coolly.

"Did your lady tell you that too; and yet I stood by her and never heard her utter a syllable," cried the villain in accents of astonishment, as he delivered up the weapon to the male servant.

"I never spoke a word," cried I thought the dressing-room key-hole, for I did not care to have the man think that I had broken my oath, nor, to say the truth, was I anxious to make a deadly enemy of him in case he should ever be at large again.

"Then it is a judgement upon me, and it is no good to fight against it," said the miserable wretch.

"Not in the least, and we will go to the police office at once."

So off went the burglar in their custody; leaving me safe and sound, after all. And now, do not you think there is some use in learning everything, even so small a thing as the deaf and dumb alphabet?

A NEW DODGE IN THE CLOTHING BUSINESS.—An Atlanta correspondent of the Chattanooga *American Union* writes:

Some of the Atlanta merchants are shrewd. I hear of a good thing perpetrated by one of them, which was related by him to a New York "drummer." The merchant aforesaid is in the ready-made clothing business, and he told the gentleman from New York that when a customer came in, after letting him try on several coats, he would say to him that he had a cost which he had given a gentleman to take home the night before, but he was not satisfied with it and returned it. Perhaps it might fit his customer. "Now you know," says he, "all men are more or less dishonest, so I put a pocket-book in one of the coat pockets, which only costs me thirty or forty cents. Now when the man tries on the coat he puts his hands in the pockets and feels this pocket-book, and he buys the coat at once for a considerable advance on the usual price; *and he never comes back to see about it.*"

From the Illustrated Times, Jan. 29.

The "Gorilla."

SOME ten years since, a traveller in the interior of Western Africa saw a native tribe engaged in worshiping what appeared to be a human skull set upon a pole; the curiosity of the traveller was excited, and with considerable trouble he obtained possession of the idol, and forwarded it to Professor Owen for his opinion respecting the nature of the animal of which it had once formed a part. Professor Owen decided that the creature was altogether unrepresented by any specimen of natural history known to the scientific world; and the learned Professor embodied his views on the subject in a very interesting paper, which he read before the Zoological Society. Of course, every body begged to differ from the conclusions to which he had arrived, and there were not a few who ridiculed, as completely fanciful, the drawing of the restored animal, which the Professor had made without any other information to guide him than the structure of the skull. At length, after extraordinary exertions, an animal was captured, and, packed in a cask of spirits of wine, duly arrived in this country a few weeks since; and it is found to correspond closely with the description of it by Professor Owen.

The gorilla is a native of Western Africa, and is known to exist, in very large numbers, in the Gaboon districts, where they are among the most formidable of the wild animals of the forest. The present specimen, which has been most carefully skinned and preserved by Mr. Bartlett, under the direction of Professor Owen, is rather more than five feet in height. It is a male, known to be young by the state of his teeth and the condition of the sutures of the skull. In features the animal is very much like a negro, and the orbits over the eyes are considerably projected. The teeth are formed almost precisely as in man; and, unlike those of the monkey chimpanzee, or ourang-outang, they are of great strength. In the skull, which was first sent over to this country, the canines were nearly as large and as strong as those of a lion. The hair on the upper part of the head of the gorilla is a reddish brown, upon the cheeks the smooth hair is of a grayish hue; the back is covered with dun or mouse-colored hair; the hair upon the arm from the hand to the elbow is black, and it grows upward from the hand toward the elbow. The chest is nearly bare. There were thirteen wounds in the body of the animal, and two bullets were extracted from it, one from a wound which had been a long time healed over. The negroes of Africa live in constant terror of these animals, which are gregarious; and it is stated by the natives that they frequently descend in considerable force, sack the villages, carry away the young children and devour them; and, further, that they have a very ugly custom of attacking men, and wrenching off the heads of those whom they attack. If one of the creatures is fired at or attacked, the whole tribe come down to the rescue, and escape from the combined assault is impossible. How far these statements may be correct there is at present no means of knowing; but it is certain that the gorilla is not a vegetarian in his habits, and that he would have no scruple in devouring any flesh that might chance to come in his way.

A specimen is now in the British Museum, together with a skeleton of an old male gorilla. A few days since Professor Owen lectured before the Zoological Society on the external characteristics of the animal. He first called attention to the shortness, almost absence, of neck; to the great length of the cervical spines, causing the "nape" to project beyond the "occiput;" to the great size and elevation of the blade-bones; and to the oblique rising of the collar-bones above the level of the angles of the jaw. The brain-case was low and narrow, and a thick integument overlapping that ridge forms a scowling pent-house over the eyes. The nose is more prominent than in the chimpanzee or orang-outang, not only at its lower expanded part, but at its upper half; the mouth is very wide, the lips large, of uniform thickness, the upper one with a straight margin, not showing the colored lining membrane when the mouth is shut; the chin very short and receding; the muzzle very prominent; the eyelids with eyelashes the eyes wider apart than in the orang or chimpanzee; the ears smaller in proportion than in man, much smaller than in the chimp

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 8, 1868.

☞ THE COLUMBIAN has the Largest Circulation in Columbia and adjoining counties of any paper published here, and is also a much larger sheet than any of its cotemporaries; and is therefore the best medium for advertising in this section of the State.

Geary Again in Court.

WE are called upon to record another infamous act of an infamous and imbecile Governor, and it is more in sorrow than in anger. Sorrow that any man should so demean and belittle himself as to repeat an outrage, for purely partisan purposes, and set the opinions and decisions of the highest court in the State at defiance.

At the last October election, Parvin Eves, a judge of the election board in Greenwood township in this county, in conjunction with a man named McEwen, rejected the vote of Joshua Davis, a qualified elector, upon the allegation that he was a deserter. They were indicted, and upon the case being called in Court at December, *Eves swore that they had an important witness in the west*, and the case was continued. At the next term of Court, at February, instead of producing the important witness, they *produced a pardon from the Governor*, and sneaked out of Court. At the same term of Court a civil action in a similar case was tried, during the progress of which, the law was fully commented on and distinctly and authoratively laid down by the Court.

Notwithstanding all that, at the Spring election last, this same Parvin Eves, and a poor innocent fellow named Vincent Erwin, who was picked up as Inspector in room of McEwen, who refused longer to do their dirty work, a second time rejected the vote of Joshua Davis, upon the previous allegation of desertion. The two were arrested, a true bill found by the Grand Jury, and upon the case being called in Court, their counsel, for they themselves were *ashamed to appear in Court*, again plead the *pardon of the Governor*. We publish the pardon in full in another part of the COLUMBIAN, and a certified copy of it remains on file in the office of the Prothonotary.

We pronounce the statement set out in the pardon absolutely and unqualifiedly false, and known to be so by the parties who made them. It is false "That the person whose vote they refused to receive was known to have deserted from the U. S. Army." It was not "apparent from the records and evidence produced, that the said Joshua Davis was a deserter;" for if such records and evidence had been in existence, they would have been a complete defense before a Jury. It is false that there was any "purpose of wreaking vengeance" against the election officers. It is false that the election officers are "patriotic, law-abiding citizens."

We cannot characterize such statements and assertions better than in the substance of the language of the Court, "That to assert that men act courageously in violating the Constitution, and enforcing a law declared by the highest court of the State to be unconstitutional and of no force or effect, is to debauch public sentiment, and bring the decisions of the courts into contempt; and that it was amazing how any citizens could put their names to an application embodying such sentiments and such allegations."

Read the pardon—look at the names of the men who make themselves responsible for such sentiments, who set the law and the Court at defiance; as well as at the men who not daring to face the *legal* consequences of their misdemeanors and misdeeds, perform the cowardly act *because they are assured of pardon*. Who are the "other reputable citizens of Columbia County who concur in the opinion" set out in the pardon? We should like to know them. Having seen the head of the list we should like to see the tail of it. Let us know who "courageously" put their names to the falsehoods set out in that pardon, who "concur in the opinion" that a white man, constitutionally qualified, has no right to vote, and who believe that "it would be grossly unjust to inflict punishment" on men who have committed what the Supreme Court of the State deems an indictable and punishable offense.

THE "Party of High Moral Ideas" has given us fresh proof of the truth of its title in the debate, if it can be called such, which took place in the House of Representatives, on Saturday last. Two of the shining lights of that delectable party amused themselves and the House by a display of personal abuse and invective which surpasses the ordinary blackguardism of a fish market. Messrs Donnelly, and Washburne of Illinois, the latter being the trainer of Grant for the Presidential race, not content with the broad license allowed, to Republican members, by the Speaker of that body, descended to the use of language which would bring the blush of shame to the cheek of any man save a Radical Representative. Butler must look to his laurels, for at this present, the West leads the State of Massachusetts in Republican eloquence. These are the men who are trying the President for improper language uttered in public. Consistency is undoubtedly a jewel, and a rare one in some sections. With Yates as Chairman of the National Temperance Association, and Wade, Butler Donnelly and the great Washburne as censors of public morals and decency, the Party which they represent is very nearly perfect.

THE various newspapers of the country, are disquieting themselves greatly, concerning those Senators whose positions, on the final vote in the Impeachment trial, are deemed "doubtful." There is a wonderful unanimity however in the conclusion to which they arrive, "that nothing can be asserted definitely." This style of information can hardly be considered valuable inasmuch as any sane man is able to form such an opinion for himself. Correspondents, however, by the aid of conspicuous headings may earn a little short lived notoriety and impress some people with the idea that they have thrown light upon the vexed question. The fact is, that the Senators have preserved a most commendable sitence as regards their action and the assertions of newspapers should be taken for what they are worth, viz —nothing.

Forney, Fah!

WE give below, the character of this *eminent* man, viewed from a Radical standpoint. It would seem from this that his own friends are beginning to appreciate him fully. George Alfred Townsend (Radical) writes from Washington.

What shall I say of Forney? Happy accident had nearly named him Fawney. His record is one contemptuous in all its episodes. He fawned to Mr. Buchanan. Lincoln once said, "This Forney makes a fine art of abjectness!" Andrew Johnson dismissed him with the epithet of dead duck. Even Johnson could despise Forney. What depth of contempt does that fact reveal? More miraculous to me is the fact that Forney can find even parasites to himself, though I believe he gets them out of his own family chiefly, Jones and the white horse excepted! His career is strewn with broken friendships and with cowardly sensualities. He wrote the Forrest-Jamison letter, unparalleled in baseness, cringing at an actor's feet to ruin a woman's fame. He searches the horizon for the coming man, and hastens to fawn upon him. When in the Christian dispensation, the devil is let loose upon the world after the thousand years, there will be a Forney hail him first and follow after his standard, unless abhorrent nature before that day extinguishes the race, that man shall not be utterly shameless. This Forney was the wine taster of Johnson, and gave him to drink on inauguration day. But better his whisky than his praises. I would rather be kissed by a reptile than master to that man!

ONE THOUSAND dollars per minute is about the amount of taxation which the people of this country are paying to support the ruinous policy of the Rump Congress! *One thousand dollars per minute!* and for what? Not to promote prosperity—or a union of sections—or the re-establishment of trade and commerce—or the old kindly intercourse of the States—but to enable a corrupt party to keep power in the government, by oppressing white people, and elevating negroes to be the ruling power in the States! But for this there would have been, long ago, a thriving trade, as of old, between the North and South—peace, prosperity, and happiness. Instead of this, Northern labor is idle—but the taxation of Northern industry is active. Workingmen! if you like this state of things, sustain a corrupt Congress in keeping it up! If you do not, help us to put it down. This is your only chance. If you are put under the heel of the African, it is your own fault, and you will deserve no pity.

TAVERN LICENSES.—The Court order and require that hereafter the applications for tavern Licenses, must be made through an attorney of this court; and any application not so endorsed and represented will be rejected for that reason. That is now a rule of court and must be complied with.

Landlords ought to feel that much of the public morals is in their hands. There will not be and ought not to be any difficulty if they keep within the bonds of the law, refuse drink to habitual drinkers, to minors, to sell on Sunday, and such things and keep no back door. Taverns are necessary; we desire to elevate the character of them, and hope landlords will conduct themselves and houses so as to secure that.

PORTRAIT OF SIR WALTER SCOTT.—Messrs. Appleton & Co., who have just begun the issue, in an exceedingly cheap but very neat style, of the ever-famous Waverly Novels, have sent us a handsome impression of a portrait of Sir Walter Scott, engraved on Steel, from the celebrated painting of Sir Thomas Lawrence. This portrait the Messrs. Appleton are presenting, as a premium, to subscribers to the full set of their new edition of Scott's Novels, which have already been advertised and announced in our columns. The portrait and the books can be examined at our office, where subscriptions will be received.

AN English paper the *Pall Mall Gazette*, expresses its fears, that in the event of Wade's succession to the Presidency, Butler will be sent to the Court of St. James. We can understand this anxiety. Knowing how uncertain the possession of spoons, plate and other valuables would become—were he obtain a foot hold in the country. It would be a more grievous insult because retaliation is simply impossible. They might feel the desire, but where could they find a Butler?

MR. D. A. BECKLEY has just returned from Philadelphia, where he procured a fine and complete assortment of boots, shoes, gaiters, slippers etc. He offers these to the citizens of Bloomsburg and the county, with the assurance that his stock has never been surpassed by any heretofore presented to their notice. He solicits a call and promises satisfaction.

FREAK OF NATURE.—About five weeks ago a cow, owned by Mr. Finney, of this place, gave birth to a large, well developed calf. This of course is nothing new; but last week she got another one, and, up to the present, cow and calves are in good condition. What the prospect for more veal is, we did not learn.—*Clearfield Republican.*

WILKES-BARRE.—*May 5.*—We have had a very exciting election to-day for Burgess and town officers. Every ward gives a Democratic majority. D. L. Patrick elected Burgess by over three hundred majority—a democratic gain of over three hundred since last election.

S. WOODWARD.

THE Catawissa Railroad Company have declared a dividend of 3 per cent. on account of the dividends due the preferred stockholders, payable on the first of May next, to those persons in whose name the stock stands at the close of the transfer books on the 20th of April.

HORACE GREELEY, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Gerritt Smith, and other noted Radicals, have renewed their bail for Jefferson Davis. Why don't the faithful loyal howl?

A WESTERN paper cruelly says: "Our man, in Congress has made a great speech—one of his very best. It was written for him by a graduate of this office, and the matter and delivery do credit to both parties."

An Important Point in Insurance.

THE Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has decided a point of considerable importance to persons insured in the Lycoming Mutual. A policy was issued by that Company, which contained the following provision—viz:

"It is also agreed that the aggregate amount of insurance to this and other companies, on this property shall not exceed two-thirds of the estimated cash value."

In the application, the value of the property was estimated at $11,810; insurance on it was subsequently effected in other companies, with the knowledge and acquiescence of the agent of the Lycoming, until the aggregate amount was $12,000. The property having been destroyed by fire, the Lycoming resisted payment on the ground that the amount insured having exceeded two-thirds of the value of the property, its policy was therefore rendered void. The Supreme Court decided that the clause in the policy, limiting the total amount of insurance to two-thirds of the estimated value, constituted a condition which the insured was bound to observe; that the violation of it worked a forfeiture of the policy; that an agent could not, by merely acquiescing in excessive insurance, bind the company to permit a greater amount of insurance than that specified in the policy; and that, therefore, there could be no recovery on the policy of the Lycoming. (1 P. F. Sm., 402.)

It is therefore important for those who hold policies in the Lycoming Mutual not to allow the total amount of their insurance to exceed two-thirds of the estimated cash value of the property insured; if they do, the policies in the Lycoming will thereby be forfeited, notwithstanding anything said or done by its agents. Those who wish insurance to a greater amount must deal exclusively with other companies, whose policies do not contain a condition forbidding it.

Communicated.

ROADS AND STREETS.—I hear tell that a petition was out to open an alley in Bloom in to a street, and that the men did not agree; and so the street will not be opened. Now I think this is exactly right. I don't see any reason why we should help to open the streets for you in Bloom.

I don't think it is any answer to say that Bloom Township pays twice as much tax as any other township in the county, and of course pays more damages towards the opening of the roads in the country, than any other township, or that there are a great many more roads opened in the other twenty-four townships than there are in Bloom. If Bloom does pay towards the opening of all our roads, is that any reason why we should help Bloom to open her roads? Let her open her own roads and help to open ours too, that's what I say.

Besides that, what business has Bloom to be continually growing and increasing, and wanting to lay out more lots, and build more houses, and open more streets and alleys? Some people thinks the more the county town increases in population, and size, and beauty, and schools, and school houses, and churches the better it is for the whole county. I don't see it. It makes us all work a great deal harder to keep the towns supplied with provisions than it used to. I know the time when I could hardly sell a bushel of potatoes for forty cents, now I could sell a wagon load of them at two dollars a bushel. I used to sell my butter at fourteen to eighteen cents now you pay forty to fifty cents a pound for it—eggs are in the same proportion, and so is hay, and about every thing else. You see we can hardly keep you going now, and if you keep on, it will be worse yet.

They say you're going to get a Normal School at Bloomsburg; and that will bring about five hundred more people there to help eat up meat and bread, and potatoes and butter, etc. If we have to keep you all in provisions, and help open your roads too, I don't know what will happen.

A COUNTRYMAN.

Obituary Notice.

WHEREAS, The Supreme disposer of all things has in His wise providence withdrawn from this world our beloved friend and brother B. S. Merrill who for many years labored zealously for the promotion and best interests of the Temperance cause, besides being a faithful and expemplary Christian until the time of his death, and whereas, the I. O. of G. T., desire to record their high estimation of their departed brother, therefor,

Resolved, That in the death of Brother B. S. Merrill, the I. O. of G. T., has lost a long tried judicious and unwavering friend, and venerable and Christian associate, and the community at large a citizen distinguished for his high integrity and Christian zeal.

Resolved, That this lodge desire to express their sincere sympathy to the family of Brother Merrill for the loss they have sustained.

Resolved, That a copy of the following preamble and Resolutions be transmitted to the family of the deceased Brother and also one copy to each of the county papers.

L. T. SHARPLESS,
WM. H. BRADLEY,
WM. J. BIDLEMAN,
} Com.

WHEN Radical politicians tell laboring men that they pay no taxes, the latter should ask in return, how much more they pay now for everything they eat, drink, and wear, than they did in good old Democratic times. If it costs you twelve dollars a week to support and clothe your family now, where it formerly cost only six, do you not pay a tax of *three hundred and twelve dollars a year?*

THE Democracy everywhere throughout the State should take early and active measures to explain the Registry law to the people and make arrangements, through committees and otherwise, to qualify every citizen who is entitled to vote. Let no votes be lost through ignorance or neglect of the new requirements.

WE have startling intelligence from Australia, by way of London. An unknown person, supposed to be a Fenian, has attempted the assassination of Prince Alfred while on a visit at Sydney. The Prince was dangerously wounded, but is slowly recovering. The assassin was immediately arrested.

MILITARY TAX.—The Supreme Court has decided that the property owned by the wife of an honorably discharged soldier is liable to military and bounty taxes. The exemption from such taxation is a personal privilege of the soldier, and does not extend to property owned by his wife.

Criminals Pardoned.

Pennsylvania S.S.
JOHN W. GEARY.

SEAL. IN the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, John W Geary, Governor of the said Commonwealth To all to whom these presents shall come. Sends greeting, Whereas, Parvin Eves and Vincent Erewin, Judge and Inspector of elections in the township of Greenwood, in the County of Columbia, have been charged on the oath of one Joshua Davis with having rejected his vote at an election held in said township and county on the 20th day of March, Anno Domini 1868, and whereas, the said Parvin Eves and Vincent Erewin have been duly bound over to appear at the next May term of the Court of Quarter Sessions of said County to answer the charge of unlawfully rejecting the vote of said Joshua Davis, an alleged qualified voter, and whereas it appears from representations made in papers submitted to me, now on file in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, that the said Parvin Eves and Vincent Erewin, acted, in committing the alleged offence, without malice and in pursuance of an enactment of the Legislature disfranchising deserters: That the person whose vote they refused to receive was known to have deserted from the U. S. Army during the late Rebellion: That the prosecution has been brought for the purpose of wreaking vengeance on the heads of confessedly patriotic, law-abiding and respectable citizens; And that, having courageously and faithfully discharged their duty as Judge and Inspector of said election, under a law of the State, it would be grossly unjust to inflict the contemplated punishment in their several cases; And whereas, the pardon of the said Parvin Eves and Vincent Erewin has been recommended by Palemon John, Samuel Knorr, L. T. Sharpless, Ephraim P. Lutz, D. A. Beckley, M. Whitmoyer, C. F. Knapp, E. Jacoby J. B. Robison, and other reputable citizens of Columbia county, who concur in the opinion that they are proper subjects for the interposition of Executive clemency. And whereas, it is apparent from the records and evidence produced, that the said Joshua Davis was a Deserter, and that the said Parvin Eves and Vincent Erewin acted in good faith as Judge and Inspector, of said election, and in compliance with the act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, relating to their duties as aforesaid. Now know therefore, that in consideration of the premises, and by virtue of the authority vested in me, by the Constitution, I have pardoned the said Parvin Eves and Vincent Erewin of the offence whereof they are charged, and they are hereby thereof fully pardoned accordingly.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at Harrisburg this twenty eighth day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty eight, and of the Commonwealth the ninety second.

By the Governor. F. JORDAN,
Sec'y of the Commonwealth.

Sales by Sample in Luzerne County.

THE following Act was passed by the last Legislature—viz:

SEC. 1. That from and after the passago of this act, it shall not be lawful for any merchant, or his traveling agent, not residing within said county, to sell by sample, order, or otherwise, in the county of Luzerne, any goods, wares, or merchandise, by wholesale or retail without first having obtained from the Treasurer of said county of Luzerne, a license for that purpose, for which said license he shall pay the sum of three hundred dollars, and said license shall not continue for a longer period than one year from the date thereof.

SEC. 2. Any sale made as aforesaid by any merchant or his traveling agent without license obtained as aforesaid, within the limits of the county aforesaid shall be held and deemed a misdemeanor, punishable by fine of not less than three hundred dollars, one-half to be paid to the informer, who shall be a competent witness, and the other half to the School District in which the offense shall have been committed, or imprisonment, or both, at the discretion of the Court, and it shall be lawful for any Constable residing in any of the townships, wards, or boroughs in said county either upon his own knowledge or the complaint of any citizen of Luzerne county, to arrest any person or persons engaged in making sales, as aforesaid, by sample, order, or otherwise, and convey him, or them, before any Alderman or Justice of the Peace, residing in said county of Luzerne, and unless the said person or persons selling as aforesaid shall be able to exhibit his, her or their license from the said Treasurer of the said county of Luzerne, said Alderman or Justice of the Peace to require such person or persons, so arrested to enter into bonds with approved security for his, her or their appearance at the next Court of Quarter Sessions, to answer, and in default thereof, to be committed to the proper jail in said county.

Foreign News.

WASHINGTON, May 1.

THE trial of Burke, Shaw and Casey, the alleged Fenian conspirators, was concluded in London yesterday. Casey was discharged, Burke was sentenced to fifteen years' imprisonment and Shaw to seven.

WASHINGTON, May 2.

THE debate in the House of Commons on the Irish Church Thursday night, resulted in the defeat of the Ministry by a majority of 65. It is the general impression that Disraeli will dissolve Parliament and appeal to the country.

MAY 5.—The proceedings in the British House of Commons last night were of unusual interest. The Premier spoke and reviewed the past policy and uniform triumph, of the Tory Party; and, in the course of his remarks, stated that the Queen had refused to accept his tendered resignation, and had urged him not to dissolve Parliament until an appeal to the new constituencies could be made. He hoped a suspension of the orders of the day would not be pressed now, as he was ready to give some other Government the right to carry on the discussion. Mr. Gladstone followed the Premier. He ridiculed the idea of a dissolution of Parliament by a Ministry defeated by so large a majority. The Premier's course he denounced as unconstitutional. He would not, however, urge the suspension of orders that night, if the Ministry would allow the earliest possible day for the consideration of the resolves. Mr. Bright and others followed Mr. Gladstone. The 7th of May was finally fixed upon for the debate on the Irish Church question.

PAY PROMPTLY.—The evils of not obeying this command were fully exemplified in a case in our court a few days ago:

In 1843, three judgments were entered up, in the aggregate amounting to $230. They have been kept alive by *scire facia* and payments have been made on them from time to time, amounting to more than the original indebtedness; and yet when they came to be liquidated at the hands of the Sheriff, the balance still due was almost equal to the original judgments, and the costs which had accumulated on the three, actually reached the astounding sum of $189 18.

It is horrible to contemplate. Almost seven hundred and fifty dollars have been required to discharge a debt, which, twenty-five years ago, could have been paid with less than one-third of that sum. Said we not well, "Pay promptly?"

DAN. ELWELL, father of Judge Elwell died at Van Ettenville, New York, on the 19th inst., at the advanced age of 94 years and 2 days, and was buried with Masonic ceremonies.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, May 1.

MR. BROOKS gave notice that at the proper time he should offer a resolution calling the Impeachment Managers to account for their action relative to the Alta Vela Islands, about which so much has been said in the course of the Impeachment trial.

WASHINGTON, May 2.

In the House, at the afternoon session, a lengthy acrimonious debate sprang up on Mr. Brooks' resolution calling the Impeachment Managers to account for signing the "Alta Vela" letter, which has provoked so much discussion on the trial. Messrs. Logan, Butler and Garfield explained the manner in which their signatures to the letter were obtained. Mr. Logan used unparliamentary language, and was called to order three times. Messrs. Butler and Brooks indulged in some characteristic personalities, after which the resolutions was laid on the table, and the House adjourned.

WASHINGTON, May 4.

A resolution was adopted in the House calling upon Gen. Grant for a report of the number of votes cast at the recent election in Arkansas. The members then went to the Senate chamber to attend the impeachment trial. On their return Mr. Donnelly, of Minnesota, rose to a personal explanation. In a lengthy speech he proceeded to explain that some time since he wished to introduce a bill in the interest of his constituents, and that Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, had objected to it. He then explained the matter to Mr. Washburne and again offered his bill, and Mr. Washburne again objected. Thereupon Mr. Donnelly wrote to one of his constituents stating the facts. This letter was published, and called forth an answer from Mr. Washburne wherein he denounced Mr. Donnelly as an "Office beggar," and as one who favored every corrupt scheme proposed in Congress. Mr. Donnelley then proceeded to abuse Mr. Washburne in the most approved Congressional manner, using language so unparliamentary that the Speaker was forced to call him to order several times. He at last informed him that his remarks were not honorable to the House, and he would not suffer them to go on record without his protest, whereupon Mr. Donnelly apologized. Mr. Washburne got the floor, and in a few words resserted all the charges against Mr. Donnelly which he had made in his letter. He was called to order, and Mr. Windom gave notice that on Monday he would introduce a resolution of censure. The House then adjourned.

Washington, May 5.

In the House, yesterday, Mr. Windom submitted a preamble and resolution relative to the Washburne-Donnelly difficulty. It recites that inasmuch as Mr. Washburne had published a letter making serious charges against Mr. Donnelly, and had reaffirmed them from his seat in the House, an investigating committee should be appointed to ascertain their truth or falsity. Mr. Spalding offered a substitute, setting forth that the House was responsible for Mr. Donnelly's indecent remarks of Saturday, inasmuch as he had been permitted to go on, although called to order by the Speaker, that such speech was prejudicial to the House, and that consequently it should not be printed in the *Congressional Globe*. Much debate followed, members generally regretting the scenes of Saturday, but favoring in their remarks one side or the other. Several trangressed the rules of debate and were compelled to apologize for their language. Finally the resolution calling for an investigation was passed. Messrs. Washburne and Donnelly then apologized for insulting the House, and the matter was dropped. The Committee will be appointed today, with power to send for persons and papers.

Washington, May 6.

No legislative business was transacted by the Senate yesterday.

In the House, the Speaker announced the Special Committee to investigate the charges made against Mr. Donnelly, of Minnesota, in the letter written by Mr. Washburne. Mr. Dawes, at the instance of Mr. Butler, offered a resolution, directing the same Committee to investigate the charges made by Mr. Brooks, on Friday, against Mr. Butler, to the effect that the latter, when in command at New-Orleans, had extorted $60,000 from a New-Yorker there, and that he (Brooks) had been the means of compeling him to return it. Mr. Brooks desired to extend the investigation to the charges made by Mr. Butler against him. The members then attended the Impeachment trial. When the members returned the Brooks-Butler matter was further discused, and Mr. Dawes' proposition finally agreed to, after which the House adjourned.

Impeachment.

WASHINGTON, May 1.

THE IMPEACHMENT TRIAL.

THE first business before the Court was the consideration of the order offered by Mr Sumner concuring Mr. Nelson, of counsel for the President, for intemperate language used in his reply to Mr. Butler, relative to the Alta Vela Island. Mr. Anthony asked Mr. Nelson if in the language he used, he intended to convey a challenge to Mr. Butler. Mr. Nelson replied that he was not a duelist by profession, but he had intended to convey to Manager Butler the impression that he [Nelson] was ready to give him any satisfaction he might demand. He disclaimed any intention of insulting the Senate. The motion to censure was laid on the table. The order providing for night sessions was next considered. An amendment was offered providing for a day session from 10 A.M. to 6 P. M., but on motion, the whole subject was laid on the table. Mr. Evarts then resumed his argument and occupied the remainder of the session.

WASHINGTON, May 2.

THE IMPEACHMENT TRIAL.

AT the opening of the Court yesterday, Mr. Evarts resumed his argument in behalf of the President, and spoke for three hours. He was followed by Mr. Stanbery, who commenced the closing argument for the defence, but, after speaking some time, his strength failed, and the Senate adjourned.

WASHINGTON, May 4.

ON the assembling of the Senate on Saturday Mr. Stanbery continued his argument for the defence. He contended that the prosecution had failed entirely to make a case against the President, and expressed confidence in obtaining an acquittal. Mr. Stanbery's strength failed him before concluding, and a clerk in his office read a considerable portion of the argument. Mr. Stanbery himself, however, read the concluding portion, after which the Court adjourned.

Washington, May 5.

Immediately on the assembling of the Senate yesterday, Mr. Bingham commenced the closing argument on behalf of the prosecution. He had not finished his remarks when the Senate adjourned. It is expected that he will occupy the greater part of the session to-day.

Washington, May 6.

When the Senate assembled, yesterday, Mr. Cameron proposed that the members of the National Medical Convention, 200 in number, should be admitted to the galleries without tickets. After some debate, the proposition was negatived. Mr. Bingham then resumed his closing argument for the prosecution, and occupied the entire session. He will finish this morning.

WASHINGTON, May 7.

THE speeches on the impeachment trial closed yesterday, and the Senate at once resolved to consider the case in secret session. A motion to adjourn until Saturday was lost by a vote of 22 to 29.

Senator Williams offered a motion that no member shall speak more than once or longer than fifteen minutes.

Senator Frelinghuysen moved to lay the whole subject on the table, which was agreed to 28 to 27. At 4:45 it adjourned.

POLITICAL.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR AUDITOR-GENERAL:
CHARLES E. BOYLE,
OF FAYETTE COUNTY.

FOR SURVEYOR-GENERAL:
GEN. WELLINGTON H. ENT,
OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

DEBILITY.

Every one at times feels the necessity of some thing to tone up the system depressed by mental or bodily exhaustion. At such times let every one instead of taking alcoholic or medicinal stimulants, which afford only a temporary relief, reinvigorate his debilitated system by the natural tonic elements of the

PERUVIAN SYRUP,

or Protected Solution of the Protoxide of Iron, which vitalizes and enriches the blood by supplying it with its life Element, Iron.

Being free from Alcohol in any form, its energizing effects are not followed by corresponding reaction, but are permanent, infusing strength, vigor and new life into all parts of the system, and building up an Iron Constitution.

Wm. C. Sterling, Esq., of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., says: "since taking the Peruvian Syrup I feel better, my strength is improved, my bowels are regular, my appetite first rate."

There is an old Physician in this city (older than I am), who has been in the Drug business for 40 years, who has used the Syrup for three months, and gives it as his decided opinion, that it is the best Alterative Tonic Medicine he ever knew."

For Dyspepsia, Debility, and Female Weaknesses, the Peruvian Syrup is a specific. A 32 page pamphlet sent free. The genuine has "Peruvian Syrup" blown in the glass. J. P. DIXMORE, Proprietor, No. 36 Dey St., New York. Sold by all Druggists.

SCROFULA CURED AFTER SEVEN YEARS' SUFFERING.

J. W. Hornot, Esq., a prominent lawyer of Parkersburg, W. Va., says: "I had 37 Running Ulcers when I commenced taking Dr. Anders' Iodine Water. My breast, Throat and Face was one continuous sore. I am now a well man, and am satisfied the Iodine Water saved my life."

Circulars in regard to this remedy will be sent free.

J. P. DINSMORE, Proprietor, 36 Dey Street, New York For sale by Druggests generally.
May 1,'68.

NO. 4.

The ancients desired "locks bushy and black as the raven" as one of the perfections of manhood and tresses long, silken and lustrous, as the crowning beauty of womanhood, but Time, the sly old dog, drew his fingers through their hair and left "his mark" in white. Time is now baffled by those who use Ring's Vegetable Ambrosia the greatest and most reliable Hair Restorative of modern times. May 1-4t

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INFORMATION.—Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a receipe for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
sep13'67. 825 Broadway, New York.

TO FARMERS AND PLANTERS.

The subscribers offer for sale, in lots to suit purchasers, 200 TONS OF DOUBLE REFINED POUDRETTE of the Lodi Manufacturing Co., made from the night soil, blood, offal and dead animals of New York City, for which the Company have exclusive contract. Price only 25 DOLLARS PER TON, freight and charges from New York added. Warranted by the Company to be equal WEIGHT for WEIGHT to any high priced superphosphate in the market. The results on Corn, Cotton, Tobacco and Grain have been astonishing the past season. It matures the crop from 10 days to two weeks earlier, and doubles the crop. The Company furnishes certificates of hundreds of well known planters and farmers, and every information, sent free to any one applying by letter or otherwise to RECOLUM & URSELL, Espy Columbia county, Pa., or to the Lodi Manufacturing Company, New York. Feb. 21, 1868.

CHILLS AND FEVER, DYSPEPSIA, LIVER COMPLAINT, AND KIDNEY DISEASES CURED.

MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS

Has cured more diseases where it has been used, than all other Medicines combined. It is the only remedy that really purifies the blood, and has never failed in curing Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, and diseases of the Liver.

Sold by all druggists and Dealers.

DR. S. B. HARTMAN & CO., Proprietors, Lancaster, Pa., and Chicago, Illinois.
May 8,'68.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The Rev. Edward A. Wilson will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription for the receipts for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dreaded disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 165 South Second Street,
my3'67-1y.] Williamsburg, Kings co., N. Y.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

The public are hereby notified not to trust or harbor on my account, a woman calling herself Mary Geiger formerly Mary, Ward as I shall pay no debts of her contracting unless compelled to do so by due course of law. DANIEL GEIGER.
May 8,'68-3t.*

COLUMBIA COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The annual meeting of the Columbia County Agricultural, Horticultural, and Mechanical Association for the election of officers to serve one year, will be held at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on Saturday, the 16th day of May, 1868, between the hours of 2 and 3 o'clock, p. m.

JOSEPH CONNER, Prest.
L. B. RUPERT, Sec'y. [May 8,'68.]

A

H 11 P. M., Y
Upper Story, 6538.*

May 8 '68. P. D.

NOTICE.

The Township Auditors will do well to examine the Sheep Law passed May 29th 1867. P. L. Page 604, Sec. 4, as to their duties as Sheep appraisers and to the "provisions of an Act" approved March 29th 1861. P. L. Page 233, as the Commissioners will issue no orders for sheep damage after this date, unless the law be complied with.

JOHN F. FOWLER,
MONT. COLE,
Attest. DAVID YEAGER.
Wm. Krickbaum, Clerk.
} Com'rs.
[May 8,'68.]

ATTENTION!

The undersigned having introduced Steam into his Tannery at

LIGHT STREET, PA.,

would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to pay the highest cash prices for Bark. He would add that his Tannery has been refitted and is now prepared to turn out as good work as can be done in the country. Bring on your bark, and hides.
May 8,'68-tf.* JAMES W. SANKEY.

LACKAWANNA AND BLOOMSBURG RAILROAD.

On and after May 4th, 1868, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

	Leave a. m.	Leave p. m.	Arrive a. m.	Arrive p. m.
Scranton	5.40	3.30	11.10	9.47
			Leave	
Pittston	6.10	4.08	10.30	9.10
Kingston	6.35	4.45	10.02	8.40
Plymouth	7.07	5.55	7.41	8.32
Shickshinny	7.52	5.40	9.03	7.58
Berwick	8.30	6.15	8.30	6.58
Bloom	9.10	6.55	7.46	6.18
Rupert	9.20	7.04	7.36	6.08
Danville	9.54	7.42	7.02	5.30
	Arrive	Arrive	Leave	Leave
North'd	10.35	8.25	6.25	4.45

The 11.10 Train at Scranton makes connections with Express Train for New York at 3 o'clock p. m., arriving in New York 9.50 p. m.

H. A. FONDA, Sup't.

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pa., on Saturday the 30th day of May inst., at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, Samuel Rhone, Administrator of Mathias Rhone late of Jackson township, in said county, deceased, will expose to sale, by public vendue, on the premises, a certain messuage and

TRACT OF LAND,

situate in Jackson township, in said county of Columbia, bounded and described as follows to wit: bounded by lands of David Yeager on the north, lands of Neyhart & Kile on the south, lands of Samuel Yorks on the west, lands of Jesse Rhone on the east, containing

ONE HUNDRED & SIX ACRES,

and 126 perches and allowances.

About 50 acres of the above is cleared land, 25 acres of which is good Meadow land, and the balance is well timbered with Chestnut and Rock Oak. There is on the premises a good Bank Barn a good

PLANK DWELLING HOUSE,

a good spring of water and spring house near the door, and a large variety of fruit trees, late the estate of said deceased, situate in the township of Jackson, and county aforesaid.

Bloomsburg, May 6, '68. JESSE COLEMAN Clerk.

☞ *Conditions of Sale.*—Ten per cent of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale. One-fourth of the purchase money less the ten per cent to be paid on the confirmation of the sale, and the balance in one year from the confirmation of the sale, with interest from confirmation 81 st. Possession given on the payment of the ten per cent. Purchaser to pay for deed and stamps. SAMUEL RHONE,
May 8, '68-ts. Administrator.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING neatly executed at THE COLUMBIAN Steam Printing Office.

TREASURER'S SALE

OF SEATED LANDS IN COLUMBIA CO.

Agreeably to the provisions of the Act of Assembly, entitled an Act to reduce the State debt &c., passed the 30th day of April, 1844, the Treasurer of the County of Columbia hereby gives notice to all persons concerned therein, that unless the County, Road, School, Poor and State Taxes etc, due on the following real estate situate in the County of Columbia, are paid before the day of sale, the whole or such parts of each tract as will pay the charges thereon, will be sold at the Court House in the town of Bloomsburg, County of Columbia on the 8th of June, 1868, and to be continued by adjournment from day to day for arrearages of taxes due said county and the costs accrued on each respectively:

Year.	Acres.	Owners.	Tenants.	Dol.	Cts.
		BENTON.			
1864	270	Col. Coal & Iron Co.	Beaver	$112	00
1864	12	Moses Moyer	"	10	48
1864-5-6	420	Miller & Mann	"	25	12
1864	97	John Johnson	"	9	76
1864-5	29	John V Grewell	"	35	20
1865	160	Anthony Davis	"	9	00
1864-6	300	T. M. Hubble	"	52	02
1864-5-6	400	Mann & Miller	"	25	22
1866	30	Mann, Baldy & Cristwell	"	2	31
1866	300	Miller, Fisher & Longenberger	"	59	40
1866	12	H. W. M'Reynolds	"	11	00
1866	92	John Koons	Benton	17	61
1866	48	Tracy White	"	2	28
1866	1	Hannah Tyke	"		44
1866	75	Hiram Seigfreid	"	6	21
1864	75	Hiram Seigfreid	"	6	21
1862	50	Peter Shultz	"	2	31
1866		Nancy Prentis	Bloom		49
1865		Amateur schnell	Berwick Bor.	1	48
1864		Jacob Maley	Conyngham	1	21
1865-6		Wm Ashman	"	7	39
1865		Owen Cain	"	7	58
1865-6		James Lanier	"	8	03
1865		Ellen Durkin	"	9	12
1865	90	Kline, Lindenmith & Co.	"	8	28
1865		John D. Morgan	"	6	01

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, MAY 8, '68.

A MEETING of the Bloomsburg Building Association will be held at the office of Robert F. Clark on Saturday evening May 9th at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is requested as the Drafts of the new building will be presented for examination and business of importance transacted. JOHN G. FREEZE, Secretary.

THE man who left a black dog in our office on Monday last is requested to come and take him away. He is getting hungry.

A BOARD walk from Centre Street to Iron Street, along Third street is in contemplation. It is very much needed, and we trust will be built.

THE Northumberland District convention of the I. O. of G. T. will meet in this place on Wednesday 13th of May to continue in session two days.

THE well known suit against H. J. Yaple for the larceny of a horse has been settled by a verdict in his favor. The question of the ownership of the horse was amicably settled by the parties.

WE learn that Capt. John F. Caslow and Egbert Hill have obtained the contract for supplying the Orangeville Academy for the ensuing year. Whether they will accept or not we are unable to state.

AARON PERSON has been granted a license to keep a hotel at Montana, in this County. The application of Mrs. Green for a license to keep a hotel at Lime Ridge was rejected on the ground of informality.

WE trust that all the friends of Agriculture will attend the meeting of the Columbia County Agricultural Society at the Court House on Saturday, May 16th. It is one of the institutions of the County that should be fostered.

A VERY spicy debate is going on in Scranton over the recently passed law regulating the selling of goods by samples by travelling merchants or agents. Some of the citizens, apparently, do not care about being "protected," which this law pretends to do.

THE name of Gen. Hancock as Democratic candidate for President has been seized on by the masses, and created an enthusiasm heretofore unknown. The South is for him, and the only opposition comes from States that never can cast a Democratic vote.

MIFFLIN AHEAD!—Last week we had the pleasure of adding seventeen new names to our list at Mifflinville. That makes our total number there *seventy-one*! Other townships are doing well, and ere long we expect to issue from this office 2000 copies per week of the COLUMBIAN.

WE print this week the new Time-Table of the Lackawanna & Bloomsburg R. R. Co., which began on Monday, the 4th inst. The principal change is in the evening train from Scranton, which arrives here at 6:55 p. m., bringing the New York mails which were formerly received at 8:33 p. m.

THE *Republican* wishes an explanation of an article in the COLUMBIAN. Certainly, Dr. We fancy it is something like the following, which we find in the *Republican*: "The registering of letters makes it more easy to trace than when lost or stolen, but that is all." A statement which is doubtless true, although slightly idiotic. D'ye see, Dr?

THE *Republican* has an editorial under the heading of "Obscenity defended by the Democracy." We certainly don't defend the obscenity weekly published in the advertising columns of the *Republican*, nor that practiced by the Radicals in Congress. John Morissey has shown more good manners in Congress than all the Butlers, Donnelleys, and Washburnes combined.

THE pursuit of happiness is the aim of all men, but it is idle to hope for success, when the clothing is uncomfortable and ill-fitting. Go to Chemberlin's and try a suit of his making, then you have taken an important step towards happiness. His goods are warranted to be of the best, and, as they are cut by scientific rules, never fail to prove both easy and graceful. Call on him and convince yourself.

WE publish in another column the license law for Luzerne county, smuggled through the Legislature, by a number of lobbyists, for the purpose of shutting out all intercourse with the county, and making it a close corporation. When it is known among the people that a Radical Legislature passed this bill, and that a Radical Governor signed it, we believe they will place the responsibility where it belongs. At the same time we do not believe the Courts will so construe it as to shut out traffic from neighboring counties, although that undoubtedly was the intention. We pronounce the whole thing an infamous swindle.

WE are constantly in the receipt of communications from all parts of the County,—from persons of all shades of opinions, and on all kinds of topics. The fact shows that our columns are appreciated as a means of communication, and therefore is gratifying to us. We would suggest, however, to our correspondents, that lengthy communications not only crowd out other important matter, but on account of their length *are seldom read*. Be brief, and to the point, and then we can find room for all. Several communications, now in our drawer, will be inserted shortly. All must have a responsible name attached, or they will be ignored.

ASSAULT.—On Tuesday last the guests at the Exchange Hotel were treated to a specimen of plantation manners by Simon Peter Kase, well known to the people in this County. In passing from the dining hall in answer to a remark made by some person sitting at the table, Simon gave him a slap in the face. After dinner the insulted man, pitched into S. Peter K. and in a few moments would have put the stock of the Sunbury Hazleton and Wilkes-Barre R.R. Co., below par, had not the peace officers present, separated the belligerents.

Since writing the above we learn that S. P. K; on his arrival at Danville, was severely beaten by the man whom he had insulted.

Court Proceed

HON. WM. ELWELL, Hon. Iram Derr and H[y] bene associates on the be

Commonwealth vs Ol cognigance fornication a

Com. vs William Be zance fornication and bas

Com. vs F. Hagenbuch fornication and bastardy

In the matter of the m the Sheriff's Sale of the ty of the Beaver Creek Brockway was appoin distribute the fund.

Catharine M'Cormick Cormick subpoena in d S. Howell appointed con

Mary E. Erasmus vs subpoena in divorce—R appointed commissioner.

Com. vs Reason Conno battery—Not a true bill, to pay costs.

Com. vs C. J. Ash—As tery—Settled and Prosecu

Com. vs H. C. Howe fornication and bastardy

Elias Martury vs Dan Subpoena in a divorce—A allowed.

Estate of Joseph Stiles appointed auditor to dist

Com. vs John Early an —Indictment Larcery—J Early guilty and Mary Ea Marr for Com. Clark for $15 00 fine and thirty da ment in the county jail.

Com. vs C. J. Ash and Indictment, assault and tled.

Com. vs Parvin Eves rejecting the vote of a qua True bill. Defendant prod by John Geary.

Com. vs Vincent Erwin above.

Wm. A. Marr vs James action of ejectment. Piff. *pros.* to be entered.

Com. vs Robert Musgra ment, assault and battery, school teacher, on his pupil. bill, and prosecutor, Wm. pay the costs.

Com. vs Henry J. Yaple H. Daily. Indictment, ste of Matthias Shaffer. A true called and Eeft. acquitted, being called.

Benj. Alabach, Adm'r. o deceased vs James W. San tion of ejectment. Verdic

James W. Sankey vs Hen lick. Diminution of recor On motion, rule granted o ley to make a more perfect

Com. vs Martin Welsh, battery. Continued until

Com. vs Hiram Neyha ment, fornication and bast tinued until next sessions.

Com. vs Geo. Renner. larceny and receiving stole true bill.

In the matter of the divis ar Creek township. On mot Freeze, order to Commissione ued.

Com. vs Ludwig Thiel. selling liquor on Sunday. bill. Levi Strauser, the prose pay the costs,

In the Orphans' Court in th of accounts 7, 8, 9 and 10, of Hull, Guardian of Agnes, Elizabeth and Eleanor Reily Baldy, Esq., appointed Audito ceptions to the above accounts.

THE DANVILLE, HAZLET WILKESBARRE RAILROAD.—T line of railroad starts at Sunb runs to Hazleton. The line of follows the bank of the north b the Susquehanna river of Ca thence up the valley of Catawis to Mainville; thence skirting th ern slope of Nescopeck Mount cending the valley of Scotc thence up Black creek and Cran Hazleton, a distance of fifty on This road will develop that of the Lehigh coal basin kn the Buck Mountain or Black Coal Field, and develop about teen miles of coal lands he lying in obscurity. The value lands will by this road be augmented in that vicinity. nection will be with the Phil and Erie and North Central at S and with the Hazleton, Lehigh and Lehigh Navigation and hanna road at its eastern te thereby completing the chain munication from Erie and the growing West to Philadelphia York, forty-one miles less dist via Harrisburg and thirteen m distance than by way of the C Railroad.

Anthracite coal heretofore b sent out of the State, and over sey and New York railroads our Pennsylvania railroad co have either not seen the import the carrying over their own ments, or the proper public been lacking somewhere.

The enterprising and energet at the head of this enterprise complete the grading and bri the 1st of September next, whi completed, will furnish a line munication from Chicago to N sixty-seven miles less distance way of New York and Erie, an six miles less than by way of N Central and Hudson River ro the same time the cars laden wi and flour of the West, bitumino oil, and lumber of the interior o sylvania, will pass over this road seaboard cities, and return laden anthracite coal for the West.

NOTWITHSTANDING the great ou about the destructiveness to fruit of t frost a short time ago, it now appears that the yield will be abundant, unless some new reason to the contrary arises. Throughout the West the peach crop promises well, and the season is progressing favorably in almost every respect.

Market Report.

Wheat per bushel	$2 03
Rye "	1 35
Corn "	1 25
Oats, "	65
Flour per barrel	14 00
Cloverseed "	7 00
Flaxseed "	2 00
Butter "	30
Eggs "	20
Tallow "	14
Potatoes "	1 80
Dried Apples "	2 50
Pork "	9
Hams "	20
Sides and Shoulders "	16
Lard per pound	14
Hay per ton	16 00

LUMBER.

Hemlock Boards per thousand feet	$16 00
Pine " (one inch)	18 00
Joist, Scantling, Plank, (Hemlock)	15 00
Shingles, No. 1 per thousand	3 00
" " 2 " "	1 00
Siding " " ft.	18 00
Iron—	
No. 1 Scotch pig	30
No. 2 "	26
Blooms	335

Philadelphia Markets.

THURSDAY, May 7, 1868.

FLOUR—	
Northwestern superfine at	$7 00@ 8 25
Northwestern extra "	8 50@ 9 00
Northwestern family "	10 00@ 11 50
Pennsylvania and Western superfine	7 50@ 8 00
Pennsylvania and Western extra	8 50@ 9 75
Pennsylvania and Western family	11 00@ 12 50
Pennsylvania and Western fancy	13 00@ 15 00
Rye flour "	8 50@ 9 00
WHEAT—Pennsylvania red, ₱ bus	$2 80@ 2 90
Southern " "	$2 90@ 2 95
California " "	$3 20
White " "	$3 15@ 3 40
RYE—Pennsylvania rye, ₱ bus	$2 17@ 2 18
CORN—Yellow, "	$1 17@ 1 18
White, "	$1 17@ 1 17
OATS—₱ bus	78@ 83
PROVISIONS—Mess Pork, ₱ bbl	$22 00
Mess Beef, "	$21 50
Dressed Hogs, ₱ lb	8½@ 9
Smoked Hams "	16@ 16
" Shoulders ₱ lb	13@ 14
Lard, ₱ lb	12@ 13½
SEEDS—Cloverseed ₱ bus	$5 50@ 6 00
Timothyseed ₱ bus	$2 50
Flaxseed "	$2 80@ 2 90
CATTLE—Beef Cattle ₱ lb	7@ 9
Cows, ₱ head	$40@ 75
SHEEP—₱ lb	7@ 8
Hogs—₱ 100 lbs	$14 50@ 15 25

Deaths.

PETERMAN—In Sugarloaf township, on the 9th of March last, Mrs Mary Catharin Peterman, 21 years, 5 months and 18 days. At the same place on the 18th of March last, Miss Lydia Hide Peterman, Aged 15 years, 9 months and 20 days.

Sisters, thou wert mild and lovely
Gentle as he summer breeze;
Pleasant as the air of evening
When it floats among the trees.

Peaceful be your silent slumber,
Peaceful in the grave so low;
Though no more will join our number,
You no more our songs shall know.

Dearest sisters, you have left us,
Here by loss we deeply feel;
But 'tis God that hath bereft us—
He an all our sorrows heal.

Yet again we hope to meet you,
When the day of life is fled;
Then, in heaven, with joy to greet you,
There no farewell tear is shed.

HESS—In Sugarloaf township, Columbia county March 31st, 1868 Wesley Johnson, son of Jacob and Eva Maria Hess, aged 3 years, and 14 days.

Dear little treasure of thy heart
How soon thy life has fled,
How soon thou hath been called away
And numbered with the dead.

'Tis hard to lay one loved so much
Low in the cold dark earth;
Ne'er to behold his smiles again,
Or hear his gentle voice.

But look not to the cold dark earth,
Nor let thy hearts despair,
For even now death points to heaven,
And says that he is there.

But we should not weep for thee
Thou art now where Jesus reigns,
Farewell Johnny, dearest Johnny,
We shall meet, yes meet again.

Then weep not parents for your child,
Who from this world hath gone;
To live a life of splendor bright,
A star in Jesus' crown.

M. A. H.

BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

NOTICES

NOTICE.

OR' HESS DECEASED. ...ed on the estate of Chas. ...ship, Colum... ...granted by the Regis... ...muel Creasy of Millin... ...g claims or demands ... decedent are requested ... and those indebted to

SAMUEL CREASY, Administrator.

...R'S NOTICE.

...DIETTERICH DECEASED, ...n on the estate of Elias ...erwick borough, Colum... ...been granted by the Reg... B. Millard of Centralia ...ving claims or demands ...decedent are requested to ...those indebted to make ...O. B. MILLARD, Administrator.

...R'S NOTICE.

...ILLER DECEASED, ...n on the estate of Peter ...ship, Columbia county ...ed by the Register of ...iller, and Wm. Miller, ...ons having claims or ...e of the decedent are ...known, and those in...

...HN W. MILLER, ...M. MILLER, Administrators.

...'S NOTICE.

...LMAN, DECEASED, ...on the estate of Pe... ...township Columbia ...granted by the Reg... ...K. Gretz of Bloom... ...claims or demands ...edent are requested ...d those indebted to ...OHN K. GROTZ, Administrator.

...CE IN BANK... ...let Court of the Uni... ...istrict of Pennsylva... ...h Michael bankrupt ...undersigned hereby ...ment as assignee of ...wn of Mainville, in ...state of Pennsylva... ...bankrupt upon his ...Court of said Dis...

...15th day of March ...KLEY, Assignee.

...'S NOTICE.

...ESS, DECEASED, ...de limis not on the ...of Centre township, ...have been granted ..., to Daniel Hess, ...Mifflin township, ...demands against ...ndebted thereto for ...those indebted to

...NIEL A. HESS, ...rator, de bonis non.

...S NOTICE.

...AG, DECEASED, ...ecutrix of Peter S... ...WS, Columbia co., ...the Register of ...ng and William ... township. All ...demands against ...requested to make ...ed to make pay... ...Administrators

...E.

...estate of Samuel ...owship, Colum... ...by the Register of ...Bright and Peter ...all persons having ...ested to present ...indebted to the ...ment to ...ELIZABETH BRUGLER, ...ELIAS BRUGLER, Executors

...ST.

...ts, late of ... ...ounty, deceased ...ndebted to ...ment to ...

...ELIZABETH ...

...ELIAS ...

...ELIAS ...

...ELIAS

Farmer's Department.

Raising Rather than Buying Cows.

Two of the best milk farmers of Connecticut said at the meeting of the Board of Agriculture that they bought no cows, that they could not buy so good as they could raise. We were not a little gratified at hearing this pronounced unqualifiedly, because the contrary practice so commonly prevails. Milk farmers go about to pick up fresh cows in autumn so as to keep their winter supply of milk good, and instead of keeping up their herd from their own calves, either market them "bobs," or as they say in Connecticut valley, "deacon" them, that is, kill and skin them when first dropped. These two farmers, both men of good judgment, experience, and means, cannot afford to buy cows. The question is pertinent, can any good farmer afford to? We think not. The price at which as good cows as a man may raise should be sold, ought to be so high that one who can raise them cannot afford to buy. It costs as much to raise a poor cow as a good one, and with hay at $20 per ton that is a good deal. If however, the cow gives an average of one quart of milk more at a milking for 250 days she will soon make good her extra cost. At 5 cents a quart the amount will be $12.-50 a year.

How may good cows be raised with comparative certainly? We answer: first, by never using a common, or grade bull under any circumstances, if within 10 miles of a well bred one of any breed. By using a well bred bull one is sure of something definite and good; otherwise there is no certainty at all. Ayrshire bulls are almost sure to impart to their heifer calves a tendency to become deep milkers, Jersey bulls bring butter makers; Short horns, fine large cows, which, if allowed to come in young, well fed, and milk secretion especially excited, often make very deep milkers; Devon bulls, if from good milking stock as is true also with the Short-horns, will be the sires of good milch stock.

Opinions have varied in regard to what kind of cows will give the most milk in proportion to the food consumed. Graded Short-horns have had their advocates, and grade Ayrshires theirs. Few of those who sell milk as the most important article of farm produce have hitherto advocated keeping, still less kept, full-bloods as milk producers. Mr. J. M. Wells, one of the farmers alluded to, is now (January) milking 19 head, chiefly full-blood Ayrshires, and most of them of his own raising. His product of milk is 200 quarts per day. Mr. H. S. Collins milks Ayrshires, Jerseys, and grades, and is changing his herd as fast as he can raise Ayrshire cows to take the place of others.

It is no reason why breeders claim that there be as good milkers as Ayrshires could not is but one reason we know of; that is, they have not been bred for milk alone for many years, and have been bred for beef alone, while both the amount and quality of the milk have been disregarded.

Heifers Calving in June.

A WRITER in the *Practical Farmer* in speaking of the value of heifers that drop their first calves in June, says:

"A heifer having her *first* calf in the month of June, or when pasture is best will make a far better milker than one that calves in the fall or winter. Such has been my experience, and yet in all the articles which I have read on the breeding of dairy stock, I have never seen it stated as the *sine qua non* of a first rate cow. But so well am I convinced of its importance, that I would give twice as much for a heifer of the same stock and age to calve in June, as for one that would calve in winter. The grass being then in the best condition to produce a full flow of milk, all the parts that tend to the secretion of milk are developed to their utmost capacity. The udder, the teats, the milk veins, become enlarged *permanently*-and the best cows I ever raised we had to commence milking several weeks before they calved, for fear of garget, as they would appear to be in pain from the fulness of their udders."

Improvements in Grain.

EXPERIMENTS have demonstrated, and analogy has shown, that the finest and best samples, of seed, continued for years, will improve the quality and quantity of the product. A better wheat is thus raised, even a variety may be established. On this principle, (in farm stock,) we have the different breeds of sheep, swine, poultry, etc. Experiments have not been made on the human species; but the same, no doubt, holds good there.

We plan and sow "as it comes." We take the seed of the same grain that we use in the aggregate, and sow it. Is this the case almost universally? Corn is an exception to some extent—but why do we except corn? Because it is understood to be good. Analogically, then, it is good to do the same with wheat, oats, barley, etc. But this is less easily done; we therefore neglect it. How long will it take a farmer to go through his wheat, and secure the finest and ripest heads sufficient to sow an acre, or a quarter—or even a pint of seed? This pint sowed will be sufficient to form a test crop. The best heads taken from this again, and sowed, will yield another test crop, from which should be taken as before; and so on for a number of years, say half a dozen, more still better. But three or four years will work a decided change. But the trait should be continued from selected time. In this way grain can be improved and crops enlarged. There will be large grains, earlier maturity, and better growth.—*Rural World.*

LIVE STOCK of all kinds should have the owner's daily supervision. If others do the work, his eyes should see that it is well done. Few hired men can be trusted to do things constantly, accordingly to directions. In the very cold weather there is a constant temptation to consult his own case rather than the comfort of the animals entrusted to his care. Feed and water regularly, and shelter all cattle in barns or sheds. Pine boards are cheaper than hay or grain. Keep salt within reach of horses, cattle and sheep. A large lump of rock salt is best for this purpose. If they can lick when they please, they will not take it in excess. Attend to ventilation in barns and stables, and give the animals the benefit of the sun for a while on clear days. Keep all animals in a thriving condition.

THE Artemus Ward Monument is to be placed in Central Park, N. Y.

For the Young Folks.

The Dog and his Master.

A CERTAIN man was setting out on a journey, when, seeing his Dog standing at the door, he cried out to him, "what are you gaping about? Get ready to come with me." The Dog, wagging his tail, said, "I am all right, Master; it is you who have to pack up."

The Fox and the Stork.

A FOX one day invited a Stork to dinner, and being disposed to divert himself at the expense of his guest, provided nothing for the entertainment but some thin soup in a shallow dish. This the Fox lapped up very readily, while the Stork, unable to gain a mouthful with her long narrow bill, was as hungry at the end of dinner as when she began. The Fox meanwhile professed his regret at seeing her eat so sparingly, and feared that the dish was not seasoned to her mind. The Stork said little, but begged that the Fox would do her the honor of returning her visit; and accordingly he agreed to dine with her on the following day. He arrived true to his appointment, and the dinner was ordered forthwith; but when it was served up, he found to his dismay that it was contained in a narrow-necked vessel, down which the Stork readily thrust her long neck and bill, while he was obliged to content himself with licking the neck of the jar. Unable to satisfy his hunger, he retired with as good a grace as he could, observing that he could hardly find fault with his entertainer, who had paid him back in his own coin.

The Man bitten by a Dog.

A MAN who had been bitten by a Dog, was going about asking who could cure him. One that met him said, "Sir, if you would be cured, take a bit of bread dip it in the blood of the wound, and give it to the dog that bit you." The Man smiled and said, "If I were to follow your advice, I should be bitteh by all the dogs in the city."

He who proclaims himself ready to buy up his enemies will never want a supply of them.

The Hart and the Vine.

A HART pursued by hunters concealed himself among the branches of a Vine. The hunters passed by without discovering him, and when he thought that all was safe, he began browsing upon the leaves that had concealed him. But one of the hunters attracted by the rustling, turned round, and guessing that their prey was there, shot into the bushes and killed him. As he was dying, he groaned out these words: "I suffer justly for my ingratitude, who could not forbear injuring the Vine that had protected me in time of danger."

The Bull and the Goat.

A BULL being pursued by a Lion, [illegible] cave where a Wild Goat had this began molesting the Goat upon at him with his horns. "Don't suppose," said the Bull, "if I suffer this now, that it is you I am afraid of. Let the Lion be once out of sight, and I will soon show you the difference between a Bull and a Goat." Mean people take advantage of their neighbors' difficulties to annoy them; but the time will come when they will repent them of their insolence.

The Boy bathing.

A BOY was bathing in a river, and, getting out of his depth, was on the point of sinking, when he saw a wayfarer coming by, to whom he called out for help with all his might and main. The Man began to read the Boy a lecture for his fool-hardiness; but the urchin cried out, "O, save me now sir! and read me the lecture afterwards."

The Shepherd Boy and the Wolf.

A SHEPHERD-BOY, who tended his flock not far from a village, used to amuse himself at times in crying out, "Wolf! "Wolf" Twice or thrice his trick succeeded. The whole village came running out to his assistance; when all the return they got was to be laughed at for their pains. At last one day the Wolf came indeed. The boy cried out in earnest. But his neighbors, supposing him to be at his old sport, paid no heed to his cries, and the Wolf devoured the Sheep. So the Boy learned, when it was too late, that liars are not believed even when they tell the truth.

The Astronomer.

AN Astronomer used to walk out every night to gaze upon the stars. It happened one night that, as he was wandering in the outskirts of the city, with his whole thoughts rapt up in the skies, he fell into a well. On his hallooing and calling out, one who heard his calls ran up to him, and when he had listened to his story, said, "My good man, while you are trying to pry into the mysteries of heaven, you overlook the common objects that are under your feet."

The Lion, the Bear and the Fox.

A LION and a Bear found the carcass of a Fawn, and had a long fight for it The contest was so hard and even, that, at last, both of them, half blinded and half-dead, lay panting on the ground, without strength to touch the prize which was stretched between them. A Fox coming by at the time, and seeing their helpless condition, stepped in between the combatants and carried off the booty. "Poor creatures that we are," cried they, "who have been exhausting all our strength and injuring one another merely to give a rogue a dinner!"

A Bear and a Fox.

A BEAR used to boast of his excessive love for Man, saying that he never worried or mauled him when dead. The Fox observed, with a smile, "I should have thought more of your professions if you never eat him alive."

Better save a man from dying than salve him when dead.

A WILD BOAR was whetting his tusks against a tree, when a Fox coming by asked why he did so; "For," said he, "I see no reason for it; there is neither hunter nor hound in sight, nor any other danger that I can see, at hand." "True," replied the Boar; "but when that danger does arise, I shall have something else to do than to sharpen my weapons."

It is too late to whet the sword when the trumpet sounds to draw it.

A New Orleans quadroon has brought suit against a wealthy gentleman concerning the parentage of a colored pickaninny. It is thought to be a case of black mail.

DRUGS & MEDICINES.

HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN BITTERS.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

AND

Hoofland's German Tonic.

Prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

The Great Remedies

FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE

LIVER, STOMACH, or DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

Hoofland's German Bitters

Is compounded of the pure juices, (or as they are medicinally term[illegible]ed, *Extracts*) of Roots, Herbs and Barks, making a preparation, highly concentrated, and entirely *free from Alcoholic admixture of any kind.*

Hoofland's German Tonic,

Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with the purest quality of *Santa Cruz Rum*, Orange, etc., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.

Those preferring a Medicine free from Alcoholic admixture, will use

Hoofland's German Bitters.

In cases of nervous depression, when some alcoholic stimulus is necessary,

Hoofland's German Tonic

should be used.

The Bitters or the Tonic are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues.

The stomach, from a variety of causes, such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, etc., is very apt to have its functions deranged. The result of which is, that the patient suffers from several or more of the following diseases:

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc. Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Chronic Diarrhœa, Disease of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or Intestines.

DEBILITY,

RESULTING FROM

PROSTRATION OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM, INDUCED BY SEVERE LABOR, HARDSHIPS, EXPOSURE, FEVERS, ETC.

There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole System, the appetite is strengthened, food relished, is enjoyed, the stomach digests properly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the yellow tinge is eradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being.

Persons Advanced in Life,

And feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of this BITTERS, or the TONIC, an elixir that will instil new life into their veins, restore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.

NOTICE.

It is a well-established fact that fully one-half of the female population are seldom in the enjoyment of good health; or, to use the expression, "never feel well." They are languid, devoid of all energy, extremely nervous, and have no appetite.

To this class of persons the BITTERS, or the TONIC, is especially recommended.

WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN

Are made strong by the use of either of these remedies. They will cure every case of MARASMUS, without fail.

Thousands of certificates have accumulated in the hands of the proprietor, but space will allow of the publication of but a few. Those, it will be observed, are men of note and of such standing that they must be believed.

TESTIMONIALS.

Hon. Geo. W. Woodward,

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pa., writes:

Philadelphia, March 16, 1867.

"I find 'Hoofland's German Bitters' is a good tonic, useful in affections of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility, and want of nervous action in the system.

"Yours truly,

"GEO. W. WOODWARD."

Hon. James Thompson,

Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, April 29, 1867.

"I consider 'Hoofland's German Bitters' a valuable medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify the truth from my experience of it.

"Yours, with respect,

"JAMES THOMPSON."

From Rev. Joseph H. Kennard, D.D.,

Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

Dr. Jackson—Dear Sir: I have been frequently requested to recommend my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, regarding the same as a matter of no use to me, but [illegible] all cases declined; but from a short proof in various instances, and particularly in my own family, of the excellence of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, *for general debility of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint*, it is a safe and effective preparation. In some cases it may fail, but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.

Yours, very respectfully,

J. H. KENNARD,

Eighth, below Coates St.

From Rev. E. D. Fendall,

Assistant Editor Carolina Chronicle, Philadelphia.

I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, and feel it to my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic to all who are suffering from general debility or from diseases arising from derangement of the liver.

Yours truly,

E. D. FENDALL.

CAUTION.

Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. See that the signature of C. M. JACKSON is on the wrapper of each bottle. All others are counterfeit.

Principal Office and Manufactory at the German Medicine Store, No. 631 ARCH Street, Philadelphia.

CHARLES M. EVANS,

German Druggist, Proprietor,

Formerly C. M. Jackson & Co.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicines.

PRICES.

Hoofland's German Bitters, per bottle.....$1 00
" " half dozen..... 5 00
Hoofland's German Tonic, put up in quart bottles..... 1 50
" " per bottle, or a half dozen for..... 7 50

☞ Do not forget to examine well the article you buy, in order to get the genuine.

HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN TONIC.

January 31, 1868.

DRY GOODS.

MILLER'S STORE.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

The subscriber has just returned from the cities with another large and select assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

purchased in New York and Philadelphia at the lowest figure, and which he is determined to sell on as moderate terms as can be procured elsewhere in Bloomsburg. His stock comprises

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

of the choicest styles and latest fashions, together with a large assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, consisting of the following articles:

Carpets, Oil Cloths, Cloths, Cassimeres, Shawls, Flannels, Silks, White Goods, Linens, Hoop Skirts, Muslins, Hollowware, Cedarware, Hardware, Queensware, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Hoop Nets, Umbrellas, Looking-Glasses, Tobacco, Coffee, Sugars, Teas, Rice, Allspice, Ginger, Cinnamon, Nutmegs,

AND NOTIONS GENERALLY.

In short, everything usually kept in country stores, to which he invites the attention of the public generally. The highest price will be paid for country produce in exchange for goods.

S. H. MILLER & SON.

Arcade Buildings, Bloomsburg, Pa.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES

AT PETER ENT'S STORE,

IN LIGHT STREET,

OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

THE subscriber has just received and has on hand at his old stand in Light Street, a large and select

ASSORTMENT OF MERCHANDISE

purchased at the lowest figure, and which he determined to sell on as moderate terms as be procured elsewhere in Light Street,

FOR CASH OR COUNTRY PRODUCE.

His stock consists of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

choicest styles and latest fashions,

Calicoes, Muslins, Ginghams, Flannels, Hosiery, Carpets, Silks, Shawls,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Satinetts, Cassimers, ——, Kentucky Jeans, &C., &C &C.

GROCERIES, MACKERAL,

Queensware, Cedarware, Hardware, Medicines, Drugs, Oils, Paints, &c.

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS.

In short everything usually kept in a country store. The patronage of his old friends and the public generally, is respectfully solicited.

The highest market price paid for country produce. PETER ENT.

Light Street, Nov. 8 1867.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES

AT D. K. SLOAN'S STORE,

IN ORANGEVILLE, PA.,

OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

The subscriber has just received and has on hand at his store in Orangeville, a large and select ASSORTMENT OF MERCHANDISE purchased at the lowest figure, and which he is determined to sell on as moderate terms as can be procured elsewhere in Orangeville,

FOR CASH OR COUNTRY PRODUCE.

His stock consists of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

CHOICEST STYLES AND LATEST FASHIONS,

Calicoes, Muslins, Ginghams, Flannels, Hosiery CARPETS, SHAWLS,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Satinets, Cassimers, Cottonades, Kentucky Jeans, &C., &C., &C

GROCERIES MACKERAL,

Queensware, Cedarware, Hardware, Medicines DRUGS, OILS, PAINTS, &C.

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS.

In short everything usually kept in a country store. The patronage of his old friends and the public generally, is respectfully solicited.

The highest market price paid for country produce, D. K. SLOAN.

Orangeville, May 24, 1867.

J. J. BROWER,

Is now offering to the public his Stock of

SPRING GOODS

consisting in part of a full line of

INGRAIN, WOOL AND RAG CARPETS,

Fine cloths and cassimere for Ladies' coats,

HANDSOME DRESS GOODS,

of all patterns and qualities, Inlaids and Prints of various qualities and prices,

BLEACHED AND BROWN MUSLINS,

LADIE'S FRENCH CORSETS, AND BALMORAL SKIRTS.

Good assortment of

LADIES' & CHILDREN'S GAITERS & BOOTS.

Fresh Groceries and Spices. New assortment

GLASS AND QUEENS-WARE,

FX—NO. 1 MACKEREL

in one-half and one-fourth barrels.

Now is the time to make your selections, as I am offering goods at very low prices, and our motto is fair dealing to all, and not to be undersold by any. J. J. BROWER.

Bloomsburg, April 12, 1867.

HURRAH FOR CATAWISSA!

THIS WAY FOR BARGAINS.

Goods to compare with stringency of the money market. Look and compare prices before purchasing elsewhere. Just call at the favorite business stand of

McNINCH & SHUMAN,

and you will be met by the obliging proprietors or their clerks, and shown through their great variety store free of charge, of course. They will give you a fair chance to spend your loose change, they trust much more profitably than it can be spent elsewhere. Their

STOCK OF DRY GOODS

this Spring is much larger in all its varieties than usual. Their

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

are of the nicest styles in market. They have a fine assortment of

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES,

SUMMER CLOTHS, CASSINETS,

CASSIMERES, AND VESTINGS,

and numerous articles common to such establishments, besides a general assortment of

HARDWARE, TINWARE, QUEENSWARE, AND GROCERIES,

all at greatly reduced prices. They wish to conduct their business on the system of

"PAY AS YOU GO,"

and they think they can afford to sell very cheap. They return their thanks for many past favors, and ask the future patronage of their former customers and the public generally.

McNINCH & SHUMAN.

ROWE, EUSTON & CO.,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

COTTON YARNS, CARPET CHAINS, BATTS, WICKS, TIE YARNS, CORDAGE, BROOMS, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, LOOK'G GLASSES, CLOCKS, FANCY BASKETS TABLE, FLOOR, AND CARRIAGE OIL CLOTHS, &c.,

No. 530 Market Street, south side, Philadelphia.

M. M. MARPLE,

NOTIONS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, AND FANCY GOODS,

No. 56 North Third Street, Philadelphia.

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April...

...ESTABLISHED 1793.

JORDAN & BROTHER,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

and Dealers in

SALTPETRE AND BRIMSTONE,

No 29 North Third Street,

Philadelphia.

J. P. BEARD,

with LIPPINCOTT, BOND & CO.,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

HATS, CAPS, FURS, AND STRAW GOODS,

No. 413 Market Street,

Philadelphia.

SNYDER, HARRIS & BASSETT,

Manufacturers and Jobbers of

MEN'S AND BOY'S CLOTHING,

Nos. 525 Market, and 522 Commerce Street,

Philadelphia.

G. W. BLABON & CO.,

Manufacturers of

OIL CLOTHS AND WINDOW SHADES,

Warehouse, No. 124 North Third Street

Philadelphia.

I. H. WALTER,

Late Walter & Kaub,

Importer and Dealer in

CHINA, GLASS, AND QUEENSWARE,

No. 254 North Third Street,

between Race and Vine

Philadelphia.

C. H. HORNE. W. S. KING. J. B. SETBERT

ANDREWS, WILKINS & CO.,

Dealers in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

No. 308 Market Street,

Philadelphia.

JOHN STROUP & CO.,

Successors to Stroup & Brother,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FISH,

No. 24 North Wharves, and 25 North Water St.,

Philadelphia.

THE AMERICAN...

...AND FORK.—We th... of Columbia County wi... forks on the farm of Mr... Township, on Monday, May... American Hay Knife and F... SLIFER, WALLS, SHIRE... burg, Pa., and the Rundel... The American Pork lifte... draught than the Rundel in... ded it will take as much hay... good horses can draw. We... hay, and think it cannot be... and cheerfully recommend it... and knife we have ever seen.

C. BITTENSBENDER, ...
W. B. KOONS, ...
JOHN DETERICH, ...
H. DIGLEMILLER, ...
MICHAEL HELLER, ...

They also manufacture the ... Reaper and Mower, and other ... ments.

COLUMBIA H...

BY

BERNARD STOH...

HAVING lately purchased and ... well-known Robison Hotel Property ... FEW DOORS ABOVE THE COURT ... on the same side of the street, in t... Bloomsburg; and having obtained a ... the same as a

RESTAURANT,

the Proprietor has determined to give to the pe... ple visiting the town on business or pleasure,

A LITTLE MORE ROOM,

His stabling also is extensive, and is fitted up to put buggies and carriages in the dry. He promises that everything about his establishment shall be conducted in an orderly and lawful manner; and he respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage. [my17 67-6m.

PAI... PAI... PAINT A... PAINT AND...

GROCERIES, GROCERIES, GROCERIES, GROCERIES,

QUEENSWARE, QUEENSWARE, QUEENSWARE, QUEENSWARE, QUEENSWARE,

HARDWARE, HARDWARE, HARDWARE, HARDWARE, HARDWARE,

TINWARE, TINWARE, TINWARE, TINWARE, TINWARE,

SALT, SALT, SALT, SALT, SALT,

FISH, FISH, FISH, FISH, FISH,

GRAIN AND SEEDS, GRAIN AND SEEDS, GRAIN AND SEEDS, GRAIN AND SEEDS, GRAIN AND SEEDS,

&c., &c., &c.,

AT

McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S, McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S, McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S, McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S.

Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets, Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets, Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets, Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,

BLOOMSBURG, PA., BLOOMSBURG, PA., BLOOMSBURG, PA., BLOOMSBURG, PA., BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

IRON AND NAILS, IRON AND NAILS, IRON AND NAILS, IRON AND NAILS, IRON AND NAILS,

In large quantities and at reduced rates, always on hand.

...VARE & CUTLERY.

...S W. SNYDER,

DEALER IN

...ARDWARE,

...ILS, STEEL, &C., &C., &C.

...ET, BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

...hod of informing the citizens of Co... that he has opened an extensive ... on Main street, in Bloomsburg, ... t, and that he has on hand a ...CK AND BETTER ASSORTED ...nd any where else in the county, ...ntends to sell at prices which defy

...AXES, STEEL, IRON.

...ns, all sizes, axes, all make and ...all sizes, iron, all shapes, and all

...ER'S HARDWARE,

...iptions. Nails, axle pulleys, sash ...locks and knobs, butt screws, sash ...springs, base knobs, strap hinges, ...tes, hooks and staples, and in fact ...eded in that line.

...AGON MAKERS' HARDWARE. ...most every thing in that line. Also ...SS MAKERS' HARDWARE, ...nmed; buckles, silver plated; bitts ..., HAMES, iron; pad trees: HAMES, ...trees, gig trees, girth web, worsted ...rcad, silk, awls and needles, tools

...SMAKER'S HARDWARE, ...tment for carpenters. I have planes ...ws; hand, rannel, rip, and compass, ...s, iron, and try: boring machines, ...rs, bevels, mallets, braces, gauges, ...bits, and about everything for car-

THE PEOPLE GENERALLY-

I have coal ...hods, coal shovels, scoops, coal sifters, lant... ...erns, table cutlery, pocket ...cutlery, plated spoons, ...ated forks, servers, tea and cof... ...e pots, butter knives, mill saws, ...cut saws, circular saws, gang saws, ...horse shoes, wrenches, rivets, ham... ...chets, mattocks, picks, forks, grub... ..., shovels, spades, spading forks, hoes, ...pins, twine, skates, plows, coffin trim... ...mery, red chalk, white chalk, wire, ...ls, meat cutters, scales, wash boards, ... buckets, wooden pails, clothes ...glue, door mats, porch mats, par... ...r mats, corn poppers, paint ...rushes, horse brushes, sleigh ...bells, hoe rakes, enamel... ...ed kettles, brass kettles, copper kettles, stew kettles, sauce pans, broad axes, nails, ...rtain fixtures, Thimble skeins and boxes, Pumps, lead pipe, etc., ...pe and hundreds of articles not ...enumerated. Constantly on hand at

CHARLES W. SNYDER'S,

Main Street, Bloomsburg.

...GE H. ROBERTS,

Importer and Dealer in

...RDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, &c.,

...11 North Third Street, above Vine,

Philadelphia.

...S. SMITH. J. R. SELTZER

...TH & SELTZER,

...ters and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE,

GUNS, CUTLERY, &C.,

409 S. THIRD STREET, AB. CALLOWHILL,

PHILADELPHIA.

22,67-1f.

...IRON, TINWARE, &C.

...TIONAL FOUNDRY,

Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pa.

...subscriber, proprietor of the above-named ...sive establishment, is now prepared to re... ...orders for all kinds of

...HINERY FOR COLLIERIES, BLAST ...FURNACES, STATIONARY ENGINES, ... MILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, &c ... also prepared to make Stoves of all sizes ...tterns, Plow-irons, and everything usually ...n first-class Foundries.

...extensive facilities and practical workmen ...t him in receiving the largest contracts on ...ost reasonable terms.

...n of all kinds will be taken in exchange for ...gs.

...establishment is located near the Lacka... ...n and Bloomsburg Railroad Depot.

PETER BILLMYER.

...VES AND TINWARE.

A. M. RUPERT

...nces to his friends and customers that ...nes the above business at his old place on MAIN STREET, BLOOMSBURG, ...mers can be accomodated with

FANCY STOVES

...kinds, Stovepipes, Tinware, and every va... ...of article found in a Stove and Tinware Es... ...tment in the cities, and on the most reason... ...rms. Repairing done at the shortest notice.

25 DOZEN MILK-PANS

...d for sale,

...W STOVE AND TIN SHOP.

...N STREET, NEARLY OPPOSITE MILLER' STORE,

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

...undersigned has just fitted up and opened ...

STOVE AND TIN SHOP,

...place, where he is prepared to make up ...IN WARE of all kinds in his line, and do ...ing with neatness and dispatch, upon the ...reasonable terms. He also keeps on hand ...ES OF VARIOUS PATTERNS & STYLES, ...he will sell upon terms to suit purchasers. ...e him a call. He is a good mechanic, and ...ving of the public patronage.

...onsburg, April 26, 1867. JACOB METZ.

TOBACCO & SEGARS.

THE ONLY PLACE

...t the best

TOBACCO AND CIGARS,

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

...s at HUNSBERGER'S,

a few doors below the American House,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

He has the largest and most select of

SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO

ever offered to the citizens of Bloomsburg. All the fancy brands of

SEGARS,

and the best Fine-cut and Plug

CHEWING TOBACCO,

can be had at his counters.

TOBACCO PIPES

in great variety are among his large stock.

DON'T FORGET TO CALL.

H. H. HUNSBERGER.

H. W. RANK'S

WHOLESALE TOBACCO, SNUFF, AND CIGAR WAREHOUSE,

No. 146 North Third Street,

between Cherry and Race, west side,

Philadelphia.

C. L. WOODRUFF,

Wholesale Dealers in

TOBACCOS, CIGARS, PIPES, &c., &c.,

No. 13 North Third Street, above Market,

Philadelphia.

OMNIBUS LINE.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and the public generally that he is running an

OMNIBUS LINE

between this place and the different railroad depots daily (Sundays excepted), to connect with the several trains going South and West on the Catawissa and Williamsport Railroad, and with those going North and South on the Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Railroad.

His Omnibusses are in good condition, commodious and comfortable, and charges reasonable.

Persons wishing to meet or see their friends depart, can be accomodated upon reasonable charge by leaving timely notice at any of the hotels.

JACOB L GIRTON, Proprietor.

DRUGS & MEDICINES.

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

GREAT INDUCEMENTS!

GREATER INDUCEMENTS!!

GREATEST INDUCEMENTS!!!

—AT—

THE OLD DRUG STORE

OF

L. N. MOYER,

Where can be found the LARGEST and BEST ASSORTMENT, ever offered to the citizens of this county, of

Drugs, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Glass, Varnishes, Putty, Brushes, Dye Stuffs, Mixed Paints,

all of these are of the best known make and are warranted as pure and unadulterated. The finest and largest stock of

FANCY ARTICLES

to be found in this or adjoining counties—

Perfumery, Hair Dyes, Fancy Soaps, Brushes, Combs, Cosmetics, Hair Oils, Toilet Articles, Stationery, Pocket Books

TOBACCOES,

Smoking and chewing, Cigars of all descriptions, Pipes, Cigar Holders,

HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES,

Lamps, assorted sizes and styles,

LAMPS, CHIMNEYS, SHADES, BURNERS,

MISCELLANEOUS GOODS,

Sponges, Chamois Skins, Catheters, Speculums, Syringes, Breast Pumps, Rubber Goods,

Trusses of all approved patterns &c., &c.

LIQUORS.

A fine assortment of any liquors for medical purposes constantly on hand—and the best known kinds of

STOMACH BITTERS,

PATENT MEDICINES of every description, including the best varieties of pills and tonics,

PHYSICIAN'S PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED,

No such stock has ever been presented to the people of this section of country.

The prices are as small as the stock is large.

The Wholesale Dealers are more favorable to the purchaser than ever, as arrangements have been effected with the wholesale dealers in the largest cities, so that goods can be procured in Bloomsburg as cheaply as in New York or Philadelphia.

☞ Country dealers are earnestly invited to study their own interests, by examining this stock.

Remember the place—EXCHANGE BLOCK—above Exchange Hotel, Main street, Bloomsburg.

Jan. 31, 1868. 6m

KING'S Vegetable Ambrosia, FOR GRAY HAIR.

This is the Ambrosia that Ring made.

This is the Cure that by In the Ambrosia that Ring made,

This is the Man who was bald and gray, Who now has two raven locks, they say, He used the Cure that by In the Ambrosia that Ring made.

This is the Couple, handsome and gay, Who married the man once bald and gray, Who now has raven locks, they say, He used the Ambrosia that Ring made.

This is the Parson, who, by the way, Married the couple, handsome and gay, To his own great bald and gray, But who now has raven locks, they say, He used the Ambrosia that Ring made.

This is the Preacher, who, by the way, Married the couple, handsome and gay, To his own great bald and gray, But who now has raven locks, they say, He used the Ambrosia that Ring made.

[illegible] & CO., PROPRIETORS, PETERSBORO, N.H.

AND FOR SALE BY

L. N. MOYER and F. P. LUTZ, Druggists, Bloomsburg, and M. M. BROBST, Catawissa.

January 24, 1868-3.

J. R. MOYER,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

DRUGGIST,

CORNER OF MAIN AND MARKET STREETS,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

where will be found a large and select stock of Drugs,

MEDICINES AND CHEMICALS.

Also all the

PATENT MEDICINES OF THE DAY,

I am also prepared to furnish Country Stores with Castor Oil, Godfrey's Cordial,

TURLINGTON'S BALSAM,

and all other medicines kept in their line at City prices.

☞ Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.

In medicines, quality is of the first importance.

Bloomsburg, June 7, 1867

ALLEN & NEEDLES,

SOLE MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS

Of their Improved

SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME.

Also the AMMONIATED FERTILIZER.

PERUVIAN GUANO,

We sell only No. 1—received direct from the Government.

Super Phosphate in bags of 200 lbs. each. Price $50 per 200 lbs.

Ammoniated Fertilizer, in bags 150 lbs. each. Price $45 per 200 lbs.

A discount